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VOL. 24.

WASHINGTON, D. C. SATURDAY DECEMBER 24, 1904

NO. 25

The Beauties of The Pacific.

The Garden of the World—An interesting letter from Attorney Boyd.

Editor BEE:

I arrived here two weeks ago today, after a very pleasant trip across the continent. I stopped a week at the Fair, which was immense; in fact almost too big, as it took so much time to go from one point of interest to another, and the massing effect of the electric lights that was so effective at Buffalo was lost. And then the commercial feature was almost too prominent as some of the buildings seemed more like big department stores with different nations in charge of the counters. There were many ways of transmitting speech, as by an automatic telephone which dispenses entirely with the "Hello girl," and enables each subscriber to call any other subscriber out of the many thousands who are connected with the exchange, quicker than you can often get a reply from "central" in Washington. Then there was a wireless telephone which utilized a coil of wire around a small-sized hoop carried in the hand for receiving the impulses and transmitting them to the ear in the usual manner. Professor Bell's radiophone was also there, by means of which I could hear the tones of a horn that were transmitted to the receiver at my ear upon a ray of light. And then there was the wireless telegraph, which was receiving and transmitting the waves of ether from the tops of tall masts. Surely this is an age of education, with so many means of transmitting intelligence from one to another. The means of travel were also well represented, and especially in the railroad line. One of the first efforts to propel a vehicle by steam was by providing the boiler with a rearwardly extending pipe through which the steam was to escape and push backward on the air and thereby push the vehicle forward.

Another very interesting exhibit was that which was made by the Filipinos. While they used small thin shells for window glass, which they set in small panels, and many of their implements of agriculture and manufacture were of wood and very crude, most of that which came from the more advanced sections was of a very high order. Much of their art work, as in painting and carving, was well worthy of a careful examination. The evolutions of their soldiers on parade were well executed, and I could not but feel ashamed that this nation was over there as a master, instead of as a friend and teacher. I sincerely hope the day may soon come when the different nations will learn to live peaceably instead of permitting the desire for gain to drive them to war.

I found Chicago just as busy and bustling as ever, with the commerce of the country flowing through its streets like mighty rivers. I stopped a few hours at Omaha and remarked to an old resident that I thought it must be pretty widdy there, and he admitted that it was, but said it was nothing to compare with what it was when he first came there in the fifties, as then you could throw a sheaf of oats up against the side of the barn and the wind would hold it there all summer. The town is considerably scattered, and is built upon hilly ground. I also stopped a few hours at Cheyenne, Wyoming, which is built on a substantial and plain basis, and from the conversation I heard of cows and calves it is in a cattle country.

In crossing the summit of the Rockies we had to pass through nearly thirty miles of snow sheds which are almost as bad as a tunnel to go through. But when we got down into the foothills in the early morning and felt the warm sunshine and looked out over the thousands of acres of orchards and into the broad valley of the Sacramento beyond, the snowsheds and other discomforts of our long journey were soon forgotten, and our wail of complaint gave way to expressions of surprise and delight. Mile after mile we sped on through the orchards until finally we were down into the level plain and saw the farmers busy at work putting in the crops for next harvest. What a grand treat it is to see such sights and if the people of this country would only give up their competitive strife for gain and live co-operatively for the benefit of all, each one could soon have the pleasure of a trip to the Pacific if he so desired.

San Francisco is built on the sand hills west of the bay, and is rapidly building out toward the ocean. All

though some of the streets are too steep for the horse and wagon, its business portion is thronged from morning until late at night. Market street is very wide and is lined with business houses for miles and is constantly filled with vehicles and people. We have had a few rainy days, but the temperature has not been below 50, and most of the time up to 60 and above. They have had over thirty earthquakes in the last month, and the other morning we had one that rocked the buildings almost like a swing, but as a general thing they are very slight.

Next week I will leave for Riverside, where I expect to take my Christmas dinner with my brother among the orange trees. Your friend,
W. S. BOYD.

CONSTABLE HATFIELD VS. NEGRO.

David Hatfield has proven a disappointment to a large number of the colored men who regarded him as being friendly to the race. He was waited upon by a committee of colored voters who requested him to appoint a colored deputy in his office. He was profuse in his professions of friendship and assured them of his regret that at this time he could do nothing for them.

According to his statement the office had been permitted to run down until there was nothing in it, and for that reason he could not at this time appoint only his son and one other deputy. Later he would be glad to consider their claims which at that time he was pleased to acknowledge. He gratuiously vouchsafed the information that there were three janitorships at the Courthouse which ought to be given to the colored brother and if three men could be found in the race who were capable of coming up to the requirements he would use his influence to assist them in securing this deserved recognition. The city papers published, the very next day, a full list of Mr. Hatfield's appointees and it was all the office allowed. The voters of this county and this township resented the attempt of Mr. VanBrunt to elect a constable and a coroner and registered their protest at the polls. Mr. Hatfield has mistaken this protest and calls it personal popularity. We may live to see another campaign. We are accustomed to being turned down, but we resent the deception.

HOWARD UNIVERSITY.

The vesper service at Howard University Sunday afternoon included an address by Secretary Charles F. Weller of the Associated Charities, who spoke on "Sources of Strength Which Students Overlook." He reviewed the history of the college settlements or social settlements since the time when the movement was inaugurated through the efforts of Arnold Toynbee and Edward Dennison about twenty-five years ago. He described the work of typical settlements in New York, Chicago and Washington, and told how the various colleges and universities of the country had been especially identified with specific settlements like the Chicago University Settlement and the Northwestern University settlement in Chicago and the "university settlement" in New York city, of which Seth Low was president, while he was head of the Columbia University.

Mr. Weller recommended the students and faculty of Howard University to take an especially active interest in the colored social settlement at 118 M street southwest. He explained that the students might gain a practical familiarity with life among the needy by serving as savings collectors, friendly visitors, and the conductors of boys' and girls' clubs in the rooms at 118 M street. Mr. Weller described the work which the resident, Mrs. Sarah Collins Fernandis, is doing, and praised especially the day nursery which she has established to care for the neglected children of women who have to go out all day to service or to do washing to support their families.

Dr. John Gordon, president of Howard University, declared at the close of Mr. Weller's address that this was exactly the information he desired to have his students hear. He announced that he would follow up the matter at the prayer meeting on Tuesday by having Mrs. Fernandis talk to the students and endeavor to secure their personal and financial help for the little settlement in "Bloodfield."

Col. Vespasian Warner.

A Soldier and a Citizen—Record of a Great Man.

Col. Vespasian Warner of Illinois is a man of great popularity. He is honored and respected by the soldier element of this country for his loyal services to the country in the hour of need. A person who comes to you in the hour of need and saves you from destruction is the person you should elevate to a position of honor and trust when you have such a position to bestow. It is the characteristic of the American people to disregard gratitude. It is their stock in trade to relegate their former benefactors to the rear. But, will the people of Illinois be so ungrateful as not to nominate him as their choice for governor? Can you turn over the pages of history and point out a man more deserving and who has rendered greater service to the country than this old veteran of many battles and

The Santo Domingo Mission

Dr. J. E. Sheppard Urged—A Brilliant Negro.

The BEE is an unselfish insect. It believes in industry and perseverance. It believes in the equality of man; it believes in the black man South, and believes that he should be recognized for his ability. Some of the most gifted orators and scholars come from the South. The Southern black man has made a record and sustained a reputation of which any section should and ought to be proud. President Roosevelt will not ignore the black man South because he failed to carry a Southern State. It was not his fault. He demonstrated his will-power and loyalty to the party that has been successful in vindicating the honor and integrity of the nation. It is to be hoped when the President begins to look around him for men, men who have been loyal and faithful and true and fully competent to fill any position.



DR. J. E. SHEPPARD,
Urged for the Ministry of San Domingo—A Young and Progressive Negro Representative.

as many victories? Who is Colonel Warner?

Vespasian Warner, of Clinton, was born at Mount Pleasant (now Farmer City), DeWitt county, Ill., April 23, 1842; he removed to Clinton, Ill., in 1843; attended common and select schools there, and Lombard University, Galesburg, Ill.; was studying law at Clinton when, on June 13, 1861, he enlisted as a private soldier in Company E, Twentieth Illinois Infantry (Volunteer); remained an enlisted man and carried a musket in that company until February 5, 1862, when he was commissioned a second lieutenant; remained in the service until July 13, 1862, when he was mustered out, then being a captain and brevet major; served in the Army of the Tennessee, receiving a gunshot wound at Shiloh, until the evacuation of Atlanta, when, being disabled, he was ordered North; from there, in 1865, he was ordered to the plains, where a campaign was being conducted against hostile Indians, where he served until mustered out; immediately on leaving the service he entered the law department of Harvard University, from which he graduated in 1868; then returned to Clinton and commenced the practice of law; was colonel and judge advocate general through the administration of Governors Hamilton, Glesby and Fifer; was elected a Republican presidential elector in 1888; was elected to the 54th, 56th and 57th Congresses, and re-elected to the 58th Congress, receiving 24,155 votes to 19,895 for Wilber B. Hinds, Democrat, and 1,241 for H. S. Mavity, Prohibitionist.

With such a record as a soldier, would the people of the great State of Illinois pass him by and elect a man who had done nothing for his country?

OUR ADVERTISERS.

The attention of the readers of THE BEE is called to the large number of advertisers that appear this week. Please read them and go and inspect the stores and goods. Don't fail.

and control sources of supply in order to enable all members to purchase the necessities at reductions from trust prices, the only possible remedy against trusts. The stores, markets, shops, wood and coal and lumber yards, farms, dairies and lands to be owned and managed by the Union and its members. The Union aims to take control of any business, profession or agency that supplies negro needs, in order that negroes may control their own earnings, spendings and business, and in order to employ our own unemployed. The Union organizes all classes and the masses, pledged and shown to be the best interests of all—in fact the negro's salvation—to patronize and work for mutual interests. Colored papers please copy. Membership dues, 5, 10, 15 and 20 cents weekly. The Union will buy land to be divided into suitable lots to be sold to members at cost.

Dr. J. N. Johnson, attorney at law, president; Rev. William H. Johnson and John B. Dillard, vice presidents; Dr. P. W. Price, medical director and treasurer; John T. C. Newsom, financial secretary; Dr. Robert F. Plummer, director of pharmacy; Robert Robin and Harry Davis, deputies.

Main Office: 1128 G street northeast, Washington, D. C.

DECEMBER 31ST THE LAST DAY

To get the *Farm and Fireside* Free with a Subscription to THE BEE.

The contract which renders it possible for us to give the *Farm and Fireside* free with each cash subscription to THE BEE expires by limitation on the thirty-first of October. It is "Now or Never." You had better borrow the two dollars with which to make home happy with these two interesting papers than to let this chance go by. It's the best investment you can secure with money. Try it and you will reap heavy weekly dividends.

Farm and Fireside is issued twice a month, twenty-four numbers a year, and has from twenty to thirty-two large pages, each issue; it is profusely illustrated with half-tones. It is the best farm and home journal in America. Thousands of dollars are expended annually for expert advice for the farmer, dairyman, stock-raiser, poultryman, fruit-grower, and gardener. It has departments for the good housewife, fashion pages, patterns, good stories, puzzles; it furnishes a lawyer and a doctor, wit and humor columns, and a young people's department. Examine the sample copy that has been sent to you.

OUR PROPOSITION.

Every new cash subscriber to THE BEE will be given a subscription to *Farm and Fireside* one year free.

Every old subscriber who pays his subscription to THE BEE to October 1, 1904, and one year in advance, will be given a year's subscription to this valuable farm paper.

Accept this offer today, before you neglect it.

This is an opportunity to secure *Farm and Fireside* one year free by merely paying your subscription in advance. You can learn the date on which your subscription expires by examining the figures following your name on the address label of THE BEE. If you are already paid ahead, send \$1.00, and your time will be advanced another year.

Address THE WASHINGTON BEE,

JUDSON LYONS WON'T LOSE

JOHN.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 7—Now comes Kansas in a rabid effort to get Judson Lyons' job as Register of the Treasury.

This morning Representatives Curtis and Campbell of Kansas called on the President and urged him to turn Lyons out and appoint in his place W. T. Vernon, a negro college professor of Kansas.

To the everlasting chagrin of Kansas, however, the President strongly intimated his complete and unreserved disapproval of the deep-laid plan from the Sunflower State.

The party left the White House considerably crestfallen. Thus the President has once again shown a decided friendliness for the South.—Atlanta Journal.

J. JAY GOULD'S.

Wonders for the Children's Christmas! Tinsel, Toys, Tree Toys, Scrap Pictures, Paper Dolls, Favors. Thousands of things for children. J. Jay Gould's, 421 Ninth street.

Rev. Clark To Be Installed.

Prominent Ministers to Speak.

The Mt. Horeb Baptist Church will install its new pastor, Rev. J. T. Clark, next Wednesday evening, December 28th, at 7.30 o'clock.

Rev. Clark is one of the best known ministers in the city and he will no doubt increase the membership of the church and improve that section of the city. Rev. Clark is a good speaker and a hard worker. He has the faculty of drawing people to him. The committee on installation has arranged an excellent program, which is as follows:

For the Evening.

1. The Choir will sing.
2. Hymn, Rev. A. Sayles.
3. Scriptural Reading, Rev. W. P. Gibbons, Ph. D.
4. Prayer, Rev. Joseph Matthews.
5. Hymn, Rev. W. J. Johnson.
6. Installation Sermon, Rev. J. C. Dent.

7. Installation Prayer, Rev. W. J. Howard, D. D.

8. Installation Instruction to the Church, Rev. G. W. Lee, D. D.

9. Solo, Prof. W. H. Lewis.

10. Installation of Pastor, Rev. W. B. Johnson, D. D., LL. D.

11. Music, Choir.

Remarks by the following Divines:

J. A. Taylor, D. D., I. Toliver, J. I. Loving, B. D., W. H. Brooks, D. D., A. Wilbanks, D. D., J. Richards, A. B. Hamm, J. H. Hill, J. H. Lee, S. Miller, S. J. R. Nelson, D. G. Henderson, J. A. Taylor, H. H. Warring, W. D. Loving, S. M. Johnson, W. H. Johnson, D. F. Rivers, A. M., P. Stewart, R. A. Armstead, E. R. Jackson, O. C. Wood, C. N. Pryor, H. Newman, W. M. Jackson, R. L. Holmes, E. E. Ricks, G. W. M. Lucas, A. B., Theo. Williams, S. G. Lamkins, J. E. Robinson, J. H. Robinson, D. Washington, J. H. Burke, W. A. Jones, R. C. Herbert, J. D. Herben, G. H. Harris, A. Gunn, L. H. Catlett, J. W. Cross, A. Bardon, E. B. Gordon, W. E. Porter, J. H. Holmes, J. H. Lindsay, H. Moore, G. W. Powell, P. Hayes, Samuel Taylor, J. T. Moten.

Mrs. Julia M. Layton, President of the District Missionary Society.

Mrs. L. F. Queen, President of the Auxiliary Board.

Supper served to ministers and their wives free; others 25 cents.

Deacons—S. H. Bankett, Chairman, Robt. Robinson, Peter Anderson, William Taylor, William Davis, Walter Jones, John Gordan.

Trustees—Robert Terrell, Church Clerk, Walter Jones, William Taylor, W. H. Brooker.

Organist—Miss Lillian Hunter.

Chofister—Mr. D. J. Edwards.

Committee for Collation—Lucy Hawkins, Chairman, Mary Bankett, Ella Minnis, Winnie Rhone, Fanny Terrell, Rosa Edwards, Rossi Anderson, Charlotte Jones, Emma Toliver, Lucy Philips, Jennie Hawkins, Irene Washington, Annie Molden, Mary Sullivan, Mildred Miller, Rebecca Langly, Martha Harrod, Ella Creek, Mary Davis, Minnie Payne.

General Committee of Arrangements—Brother Wm. Taylor, Chairman, Grafton Sorrell, Henry Miller, Boyd Wollen, Chas. Fox, J. Ashby, Gideon Miller, John Saunders.

MRS. CLARK'S SCHOOL.

Mrs. L. R. Clark, who conducts a millinery and dressmaking establishment for young ladies, was visited by a BEE representative last week at her place of business at the corner of 12th and U streets northwest. Mrs. Clark is doing much good among the people and especially for young ladies. She is teaching the young ladies trades such that they cannot obtain in any other establishment in the city. In conversation with her it was ascertained that she has three classes daily ranging from twenty-five to fifty. A peek into her establishment will convince everybody that she is entitled to the support of the people.

AFTER THIRTY YEARS

SENATOR COCKRELL, OF MISSOURI, IS TO RETIRE.

First Elected to the United States Senate in 1875—Has Been a Conscientious and Hardworking Official.

Washington.—One of the most notable victims of the Roosevelt landslide is Francis Marion Cockrell, senior United States senator from the state of Missouri, whose fifth consecutive term in the senate will expire on March 4, 1905. President Roosevelt expressed the general sentiment of republicans and democrats when he said:

"I am truly sorry that my good friend Senator Cockrell retires from the United States senate as a result of the republican victory in Missouri."

Senator Cockrell has long been a conspicuous figure on the democratic side of the chamber. While the democrats held brief control of the senate during the Cleveland administration he was chairman of the committee on appropriations, and as such was playfully spoken of as "watchdog of the treasury," because of his well-known views regarding an economical expenditure of the public money. When the republicans regained control of the senate Mr. Cockrell became the ranking member of the minority on the same committee, but continued as the special senatorial guardian of Uncle Sam's strong box.

Visitors entering the gallery while the senate was in session had pointed out to them an old man, closely resembling some of the caricatures of Uncle Sam, sitting in the front row of seats on the democratic side of the chamber, following attentively the ordinary routine proceedings with the strictest attention, says a correspondent from this city to the New York Herald.



SENATOR F. M. COCKRELL
(He Will Retire from the Senate After
Thirty Years of Service.)

Spread out upon his desk was a complete file of every bill introduced in and report made to the senate. While other senators were otherwise engaged it seemed to be Senator Cockrell's mission to scrutinize every legislative proposition involving the expenditure of government funds.

Senator Cockrell came to the senate in 1875, succeeding Carl Schurz, then an independent republican. He never before had held a public office. When his present term expires he will have served 30 years as a member of the senate. He has frequently been mentioned as a presidential possibility. His friends in Missouri, to show their appreciation of his valuable aid and influence in obtaining an appropriation which made the St. Louis exposition a possibility, gave him what was declared the only genuine and spontaneous demonstration that marked the proceedings of the national democratic convention which nominated Judge Parker.

Other candidates were "boomed," but the great ovation which greeted the name of Senator Cockrell when he was presented to the convention was spontaneous and sincere.

During the 30 years he has been a member of the senate Mr. Cockrell has lived a quiet, frugal life, never exceeding his income as a senator. Many men in his position and commanding the influence he possessed might have found a way to enrich themselves, by judicious investments or otherwise. No stain of any kind rests upon the official or personal record of Senator Cockrell, and he goes into political retirement a poor man, 70 years old.

It is said of Mr. Cockrell that no minority senator is so influential with the leaders of the republican side as he.

Camera Disease Detector.

A Manchester photographer relates that he took a photograph of a child who was apparently in good health and had a clear skin. The negative showed the face to be thickly covered with an eruption. Three days afterward the child was covered with spots due to prickly heat. The camera had seen and photographed the eruption three days before it was visible to the naked eye. It is said that another case of a similar kind is recorded, where a child showed spots on his portrait which were invisible on his face a fortnight previous to an attack of smallpox.

Novel Rain Gauge.

A tipping bucket attachment has been added to the rain gauge of the weather bureau on top of the custom house at St. Louis. It accurately tells of the amount of precipitation. The rain is drained into a double bucket, so poised that it tips on receiving a certain amount of water. Every movement of this kind is registered by an electrical connection.

Emigrating from Spain.

The cost of living has doubled in Spain in the last few years and emigration is increasing rapidly.

Rapid Transit.

It takes about three seconds for a message to go from one end of the Atlantic to the other.

TEN THOUSAND CHRISTIAN SOLDIERS WANTED

At the Great Union Revival Services at Cadet Armory, 708 O street, N. W., Washington, D. C., under the auspices of the National Negro Baptist Preachers' Union of Washington and vicinity. Conducted by the famous pulpit orator and evangelist, Rev. S. P. Drew, D. D.

Rev. Drew is considered one of the leading Baptist Evangelists of the United States. Rev. Drew's wonderful revival work in New York, 1898-1899, two hundred persons converted. North Carolina, 1901, three hundred converted. Massachusetts, 1902, one hundred converted. Washington, D. C., 1904, eight weeks' preaching, 670 persons gave their names to join the church.

Notice.—Churches desiring to engage Rev. Drew's services to conduct revival meetings, can write or call at his address, 2014 Eighth Street, N. W., Washington, D. C. Enclose stamp. Terms: The church pays expenses, such as



board and lodging, and allow one Sunday for the people to give him a free will offering. No charge will be made for conducting the revival.

Rev. Simon P. W. Drew was duly licensed as a minister July 10, 1894, by the St. Paul's Baptist church of New York City, and ordained by a Baptist Council at a call of the Sixth Mount Zion Baptist Church, of New York State, October 29, 1896. Of this Council, Rev. B. W. Walker, of Mt. Gilead Baptist Church was the moderator; Luther W. Smith, of Hansome Place Baptist Church, was secretary of the Council; Rev. W. T. Dixon, D. D., of Concord Baptist Church, of New York, and Rev. R. D. Wynn, D. D., of Bethany Baptist Church, of Newark, N. J., were witnesses at the Council.

STEAM RAILWAY STATISTICS

Over 200,000 Miles of Tracks in the United States at Beginning of 1904—Increase During Year.

The total steam railway mileage of the United States at the end of 1903 was 207,604 miles, an increase of 4,595 miles during the year, according to Poor's Manual, recently issued. In the southwestern states 1,804 miles were built, 683 miles in the northwestern states, 602 miles in the gulf and Mississippi valley states, 562 miles in the Pacific coast states, 486 miles in the central northern states, 348 miles in the middle states, and only 12 miles in New England.

The total assets of the railroads are given as \$14,862,111,544, and the liabilities \$14,289,529,959. The total earnings were \$1,908,857,826 in 1903, and \$1,720,814,900 in 1902. The operating expenses and taxes in 1903 were \$1,316,349,314, and in 1902 were \$1,160,788,623. Net earnings in 1903 were \$592,508,512 and in 1902 were \$560,026,277. The interest paid on bonds in 1903 was \$239,426,707, and in 1902 was \$222,614,909. In 1903 the stock dividends amounted to \$164,549,147, and in 1902 to \$151,019,537. The surplus of all roads in 1903 was \$121,880,088, and in 1902 it was \$109,166,434.

The number of tons of freight transported in 1903 was 1,306,628,858, and in 1902 was 1,192,136,510. In 1903 the railroads carried 696,949,925 passengers, and in 1902 the number was 655,130,236.

IMPOSES NOVEL SENTENCE.

New Jersey Judge Orders Professional Woman Beggar to Pay Fine of Ten Cents Daily for Two Years.

Judge Algernon T. Sweeney, in the criminal court at Newark, N. J., the other day, imposed upon Mrs. Beula McCarty, convicted before him of professional begging, a sentence that is said to have no parallel in the annals of Jersey justice.

"The sentence of this court," announced Judge Sweeney, "is that you shall pay a fine of ten cents daily for a period of two years, and that you shall appear in this court each day to make the payment the court has directed. The total will be \$73."

Mrs. McCarty is 35 years old. The police say she is a member of the notorious McCarty family, several of the members of which were arrested in New York recently, charged with being professional "beats." Their record extends over many cities in New York, Pennsylvania and New Jersey.

On imposing the novel penalty, payable on the installment plan, Judge Sweeney paroled Mrs. McCarty, with the instructions that if she should not be able to raise the ten cents on any day, she must come and report, leaving to him the option of changing the penalty from the fine to imprisonment.

The "Chink" Also Comes. The new head tax of \$500 which the Dominion of Canada now imposes upon Celestials who intend to settle within its borders is said very effectually to have closed the doors through British Columbia, though, of course, remarks the Boston Transcript, every now and then an individual Chinaman slips through a chink.

Emigrating from Spain.

The cost of living has doubled in Spain in the last few years and emigration is increasing rapidly.

Rapid Transit.

It takes about three seconds for a message to go from one end of the Atlantic to the other.

FRANK HUME.

Wholesale Grocer.

Agent for the District of Columbia for Lipton's renowned COFFEES and TEAS. OLD STAG Whiskey. The sole agent for the Artisan Cigars made in Porto Rico. The best and cheapest cigar made.

TERMS CASH: Interest charged after 30 days.

454 Pennsylvania Ave.,
Bet. 4-1-2&6 Sts. N. W.
F. P. BURKE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

WINES AND LIQUORS,
CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

A Specialty Made of "GIBSON" Whiskey.

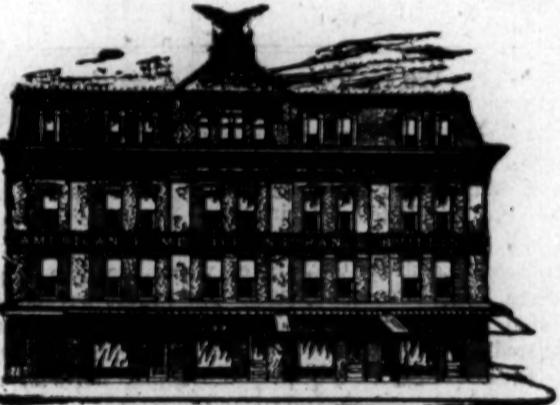
1324 D Street Northwest.

The Atlantic & Pacific
R. R. & Surety Co.,
Jacksonville, Florida

Stock One dollar per share instead of Five as heretofore—The North Jacksonville street railway-town-improvement company's road has been in operation since the 16th of August 1903 with cars running over just half its line—two miles approximately

THIS company wishes it to be known that there is nothing but the best feeling existing between the company and our white friends for whom we hold the deepest regard. It is a clear case that they are and always have been willing to help us if we would help ourselves.

R. R. ROBINSON, PRESIDENT.
SUZYIA CUTTON, ACTING SECRETARY.
W. CALVIN CHASE, AGENT FOR WASH., D. C.,
1109 I St. N. W.



SICK AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE UP TO \$25.00 PER WEEK
WHOLE LIFE INSURANCE ON
VERY LIBERAL TERMS

PAYABLE ONE HOUR AFTER DEATH.
AMERICAN HOME LIFE INSURANCE CO.,
FIFTH and G Streets N. W., Washington, D. C.

STIEFF PIANOS

Have stood the test for
sixty years. When buy-
ing from us you are buy-
ing direct from the manu-
facturer.

WE HAVE Other MAKES

Talk in trade which we can

LOW PRICES

UPRIGHT PIANOS AS LOW AS

15, square Pianos 5, Organs 15

Terms to suit

Stieff WARE ROOMS

531 11th St N W

NIGHT AND DAY BANK

INSTITUTION UNIQUE IN HIS-
TORY OF FRANCE ORGANIZED.

Is Expected to Meet Emergencies—
New Yorkers May Secure Money
at Any Hour—Will Pay No
Money on Deposits.

New York.—Impressed by the need of an institution where money can be obtained at any hour, prominent New York financiers and commercial men have organized the First Night and Day Bank and Safe Deposit company. The names of men prominent in the business and social world appear in the organization committee, and the capital stock of \$250,000 already has been subscribed. A working surplus of \$250,000 will be in the institution.

The plight in which many travelers of wealth often find themselves because they are unable to draw cash in cases of emergency suggested the organization of the bank. Trouble experienced by a well-known man who required \$2,200 before 11:30 p. m. started the work of organization. The man in question had \$27,000 deposited in one downtown bank, but he succeeded in raising the sum he needed only by the assistance of cashiers in two large up-town hotels.

Financiers to whom the subject was mentioned smiled at first, and then, on second thought, recognized the plan as not only feasible, but one which presented many possibilities of success. The organization committee consists of Mr. Thorne, O. H. P. Belmont, Frank G. Griswold, Thomas B. Clarke, William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., John C. Tomlinson, Harry Payne Whitney and James W. Ellsworth.

Among those who have subscribed to the capital stock are Winthrop Chanler, Center Hitchcock, Frederick Gehrhardt, W. M. Chanler, Charles M. Oelrichs, Augustus St. Gaudens, Joseph E. Widener, J. Borden Harriman, Edward O. Wolcott and Clarence H. Mackay.

All the details of the organization have not yet been completed, but the bank probably will be situated convenient to the great hotels, restaurants and the theater district. It will be conducted on the lines of a state bank and be open day and night. There will always be on hand a large emergency fund. In order to do this it will have at least two forces of clerks. It will receive deposits at any time and be prepared to cash checks for its patrons, no matter when the bits of paper are presented.

Owing to the heavy expenses of the institution necessitated by the employment of a double clerical force, the bank will pay no interest on deposits. Another feature of the institution will be the safety deposit department. Women returning from the opera will, by this means, be able to deposit their jewels without risk of losing them over night.

WILL MOVE MUCH IRON ORE

Prediction That 30,000,000 Tons
Will Be Shipped from Lake Superior
Region Next Season.

From present indications about 30,000,000 tons of iron ore will be moved from the Lake Superior region next season. This is the prediction of a man very prominently identified with the lake marine, and he does not make such predictions without some excellent reason for his estimate.

This means that the ore movement from Lake Superior in 1905 will break all previous records for a single season; that it will be 2,500,000 tons in excess of the season record, made in 1902, and be at least 10,000,000 tons greater than the prospective record for the present season of 1904. The authority says further that all new boats now under construction for the lake trade, and which will go in commission next spring or early in the summer, will find plenty of business. The movement of 30,000,000 tons of iron ore from Lake Superior next season means that the shipments from Duluth, Two Harbors and Superior will be in the neighborhood of 16,000,000 or 17,000,000 tons.

The boom in shipbuilding and the extensive preparations that the Minnesota ore roads are making for handling their products next year all seem to bear out the prediction of a monster shipment next season. It is especially cheering news for Duluth and for all of the range towns of Minnesota, and also for all the mining and shipping towns of the Lake Superior region.

Rare Books Sold.

New York.—Two of the rarest books in the collection of Americans made by the late Bishop John Hurst have just been sold at auction. One was a copy of the Mohawk prayer book, printed in this city by William Bradford in 1715. It brought \$1,300. The other was a copy of the second edition of Elliot's Indian Bible, and it sold for \$410.

Young Girl in Penitentiary.
Huntington, W. Va.—Pearl Smith, aged ten, who has served a number of years in the state reform school, was the other afternoon sentenced by Judge Matthews to serve five years in the penitentiary for stealing a 25-cent pair of suspenders from the residence of Niurad Elliott. Five years is the minimum sentence in such a case.

Twins Divorced from Twins.
Springfield, O.—Alvin and Alva Buskies, two brothers, were granted divorces from twin sisters in a local court here the other day.

The Reason.
A man in New Jersey says he has not slept a wink for ten years. Mosquitoes?

A NEW UNSINKABLE BOAT.

Many Requirements Have Been Met
by the Invention of a Danish
Engineer.

Washington.—Unsinkable life boats are numerous, yet when the test comes these unsinkable boats do not fulfill their requirements. The navy department and the life saving service are just now interested in experiments which are being made with the Englehardt unsinkable life boat, the invention of Capt. Englehardt, a Danish marine engineer.

The Englehardt boat is said not only to be unsinkable, but is collapsible and can be stowed in small space on the decks. Few of the great passenger

A NOVELTY IN LIFE BOATS.
(It Is Said to Be Not Only Unsinkable,
But Is Collapsible.)

carrying steamships are able to carry sufficient boats for lack of room.

The ordinary boats in case of accidents are liable to be stowed when being lowered, or when lowered to be overcrowded and swamped. The Englehardt collapsible boats, it is claimed, combine the requirements of economy in space with the utmost carrying capacity.

Should emergencies arise the Englehardt boats need not be launched. Only the lashings have to be cut, and when the ship has sunk the boat will be found floating on the water like raft. Two men or boys can, in a few seconds, extend the sides of the boats simply by lifting in the cross beams and thus converting the raft-shaped boat into a life boat that will hold bread, water tanks, oars and supplies enough to support passengers a considerable number of days.

The invention is a pontoon-shaped boat of wood or iron and filled with kapok, in water-tight cushions, which are placed in water-tight compartments. Kapok combines the greatest floating capacity with the best weight and will sustain from 30 to 35 times its own weight in water.

The boat, according to advices received at the department of commerce and labor, from Ernest L. Harris, commercial agent at Elberstock, Germany, has been subjected to exhaustive tests and has successfully withstood all of them.

SALAD DE CHRYSANTHEMUM

New Dish, Which Is Gaining Popularity in London Society, Made from Petals of Flowers.

London.—At a not far distant date such an incident as the following will excite no comment:

The scene is a fashionable little dinner party, with an animated group around a beautifully decorated table lit with candles under glowing crimson shades. White chrysanthemums and pale pink roses surrounded with amaryllis and a fairy spray of fern cover the center and corners of the festive board. Enter a servant bearing an empty blue and white china bowl, which is placed before the charming hostess. The hostess rises with a subdued rustle of silk and proceeds to rip the table decorations to pieces.

No, it is not insanity, but merely the first stages of the new chrysanthemum salad—a delicacy which promises to become speedily popular.

The "Duchess of Sutherland," a magnificent tousled mop of petals 30 inches in circumference exhibited the other day at the Crystal palace chrysanthemum show, is one of the best varieties for salad purposes. Two blooms, making sufficient salad for six persons, cost one shilling two pence, and the whole salad would cost but 12 pence.

The petals are pulled out and mixed in the bowl, and a few rose or violet leaves dropped in add to the appearance. White chrysanthemums are best, as the colored varieties look rather "messy" when mixed with oil and vinegar.

The flavor is by no means insipid, for the flower has a well marked, delicate taste, as delicious in its way as asparagus, while the poetry of the whole dish should appeal to the aesthetic and artistic as well as to seekers after novelties.

One feature of the exhibition—the largest ever held at the palace—is a stand of spring flowers—lilies, lilac, laburnum, azaleas and lilies of the valley—produced out of season by the startling influence of an icehouse.

TO SEEK HEALTH IN WEST.

Railroad to Establish Open-Air Sanatorium in Semiarid Regions of Texas.

Austin, Tex.—The experiment of establishing open-air sanatoriums on a large scale is to be tried in the healthful, semiarid region of western Texas, under the auspices of the Southern Pacific railroad. The novel plan is to be followed of establishing caravans of health and pleasure seekers, who will carry with them full and complete camp equipment. These nomads will use their own pleasure, guided largely, however, by the advice and discretion of the physicians and attendants who will accompany them, in moving about from place to place. The railroad will provide a supply of good horses and wagons and the recreation and health seekers may rove over the country in true cowboy style. The temporary tent cities will provide shelter for those who prefer periods of rest.

There are scores of cases of persons having been cured of various ailments of the body, particularly of those affected with lung trouble, by coming to western Texas and leading an open-air life on the ranches. This is just what the Southern Pacific proposes to encourage and direct on a large scale. All the camp equipage, horses, food, supplies, physicians and in fact everything needed will be provided by the railroad and the traveler will be charged only a nominal sum to help to pay for the expenses of conducting the open-air sanatoriums.

This project is in the personal charge of John T. Patrick, who is looking after the industrial development of Texas along the line of the Southern Pacific.

FIX DATE OF REBELLION.

Spring of 1906 Chosen by Macedonians for General Uprising Against Turkish Rule.

London.—A letter from Boris Sarafoff, the Macedonian leader, to a friend in London says it is the intention of the revolutionary committee to defer the next general rising until the spring of 1906, after the expiration of the two-year term of the Austro-Russian reforms.

Sarafoff adds the reforms are utter failures, and the condition of the peasants is worse than before the late revolution. Their homes have not been rebuilt and the people are on the verge of starvation, some of them freezing to death.

The insurgents under Damien Gruell are maintaining the revolutionary organization with 70 bands of 10 to 50 men each, and are collecting funds in Macedonia for the next rising. Sarafoff is in Bulgaria for the same purpose.

In Macedonian circles in London the mobilization of the Albanian regiments and Turkish reserves and the appointment of Nazir Pasha as special envoy, with instructions to take all the measures necessary to suppress the Bulgarian movement by the quickest possible methods, create uneasiness, as Nazir is regarded as being the most relentless Turkish commander in suppressing Christian risings.

Explosive to Help Travel.

Philadelphia.—D. Gold, a retired naval officer, says that next spring the world's mode of travel will be revolutionized by his new explosive aluminum airship, with a speed of 100 miles an hour. Its propeller will make 2,000 revolutions a minute, which will make Europe in 30 hours and Chicago in ten, says Gold.

MUSIC AS A TONIC.

EXPERIMENTS CONDUCTED BY A NEW YORK DOCTOR.

Value of Harmony as a Therapeutic Agent Scientifically Demonstrated—Effect of "Annie Laurie" and Other Selections.

New York.—The value of music as a therapeutic agent has been scientifically demonstrated at the home of Dr. Francis S. Kennedy, of Brooklyn. Variations of from 15 to 25 beats per minute in the pulse of subjects under contrasting influences, such as selections from the Tannhauser overture, and Leybach's fifth nocturne, furnished abundant proof that under certain conditions melodies and harmonies furnish satisfactory substitutes for drugs, when applied as tonics, stimulants, sedatives or narcotics.

The experiment was conducted by Dr. Kennedy, and is in line with a long series of investigations that have occupied his leisure hours for some time past.

Twenty trained nurses from the different hospitals in the city were invited to attend a musical recital at Dr. Kennedy's home.

Nurses were selected because the operation of taking the pulse is with them an every day matter, and it was not likely that the condition of their own pulse would be affected by having it taken. The subjects were taken at random, but a careful record of their relation to music in general and their physical characteristics was kept.

Dr. Kennedy presided at the mechanical piano player by which the music was produced. To get the heart beats of his subjects down to normal, and to put them into a proper mental and physical condition he first gave them "Annie Laurie."

"Annie Laurie" was followed by the Tannhauser overture with orchestral arrangement. With the piano player a tremendous volume of sound is possible. The contrast between the swelling notes of the march that mark the climax of the latter half of the overture and the final diminuendos of the "Pilgrim's Chorus" was marked. The effect upon the subjects was equally prominent. Nearly every one responded to Wagner's harmonies with a much more rapid pulse increase, ranging from ten to twenty-five beats per minute. One young woman whose pulse runs away up into the nineties confessed afterward that the Tannhauser overture was her favorite selection.

Two records were kept, one of the pulse beats and one of blood pressure. The latter record permitted the interesting conclusion that listening to a favorite selection may produce the effect of relaxation on one person while it stimulates the heart action of another. This is alluded to as indicating that just as careful a study of a patient is as necessary before prescribing musical remedies as should precede the writing out of a prescription.

After several other selections, including the "Angels' Serenade" during which the effects observed were decidedly at variance, Dr. Kennedy played Leybach's Fifth nocturne. Here again the result was remarkable in that there was scarcely an exception to the decided character of the response. The harmonies in this number are woven about a pretty melody, nonintrusive in character. The effect of the whole number was most soothing. The pulse beats went down to the lowest ebb, away below normal, in the majority of cases, testifying to the appreciation of the musical effect.

QUARTZ WORTH \$450 A TON

Extraordinary Return from Surface Ore Found Near Nome City, Alaska.

Lewiston, Idaho.—Louis Dahl a few days ago received a check from the Tacoma smelter for \$7447, which represents his share of a shipment of 366 pounds of ore after eight dollars treatment charges had been deducted.

The ore came from the claims Mr. Dahl recently purchased at the head of Bangard creek, 17 miles from Nome City, Alaska, for himself, Frank Brown and Chris Olson. There is absolutely no work done, and the 366 pounds shipped came from the surface, which fact makes the showing all the more wonderful.

Mr. Dahl could not find an assay office in the north to test his ore, but being confident it would run \$30 to the ton, he made the shipment direct to the smelter, and has not even yet had an assay made. The first he learned of the true value of the ore was when he received his check from the smelter. Figured at this basis the ore will run \$450 to the ton, and Mr. Dahl says an immense ore body can be traced on the surface.

Pretty College Romance.

Chester, Pa.—The culmination of a pretty romance begun in the Coed Normal Bible college at Hartford, Conn., three years ago, was the wedding here of Rev. Adams Archibald and Miss Edna M. Howell, the former of Halifax, Nova Scotia, and the latter a resident of this city. Both were students in the college, and kept up correspondence after leaving. Rev. Mr. Archibald came on her a few weeks ago to renew his acquaintance, and the wedding quickly followed.

May Have Had an Object.

Quentin Roosevelt spelled down his class in school, but the foxy little boys who were spelling against him may have thought they would like to get post offices and commissions when they grew up.

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REGRET VS. REGRET.

We regret to see that the editor of the *Washington Bee*, who is an able man, can't get the right focus on Booker T. Washington. For some reason the *Bee* man always sees Mr. Washington's doings from the wrong point of view, and thus indulges in sneers and criticism which, to most of the rest of us, seem not only unjust, but highly unwise. We must not expect perfection of any man; but the whole world is practically agreed that the Tuskegee educator is one of the wisest leaders and greatest men of this age.

Indianapolis Freeman.

THE BEE has great respect for the opinion of its esteemed contemporary, the *Indianapolis (Ind.) Freeman*, and it is with regret that we are compelled to criticise the policy of Prof. Booker T. Washington. *THE BEE* will admit that he is doing good work for the negro South; that he has been wrong on the policy of the negro, and as it thought he was getting right till he made an uncalculated declaration very soon after the election of President Roosevelt. There was no cause for him to tell the colored people throughout the country to remain quiet and not to be too jubilant over the election of President Roosevelt. The negro is beginning to learn some sense in politics, perhaps, and if he doesn't learn how to put that sense into execution he will be weighed in the balance and found wanting. *THE BEE* cannot see as its distinguished contemporary. The Republican negroes throughout the country could not see the political wisdom of the candidacy of Editor Knox for Congress as well as he did, and perhaps as well as the editor of *THE BEE*. If Editor Knox's constituents could have seen as well as he saw, Mr. Overstreet would have been left at home. *THE BEE* does not make this assertion in derision, but in good faith, and if *THE BEE* could convince Editor Knox, or if Editor Knox could see as well as *THE BEE* and one other, *THE BOSTON GUARDIAN*, he would warn the negro, as *Guardian* and *BEE* have done. Prof. Washington is influenced by a bad leadership. He is not responsible for many sins he has committed. Political sins, *THE BEE* means. It is well to be understood, because there are so many so-called negro leaders so thin-skinned. He would be a better man, Editor Knox, *THE BEE* sincerely believes, if he would get rid of the leeches and political satellites. *THE BEE* regrets that it cannot see as the great editor of the *Freeman*.

OPPRESS HIM.

There has been a great deal of talk about negro oppression. *THE BEE* has been of the opinion that it is one of the best things in the world, at this time, to oppress the negro. The more you oppress him the better citizen you will make him. There are some places in this city that will not let a negro enter. If there were more the negro would then see the importance of patronizing his own institutions. When the negro has his own places he will forget his color, and will be less dependent on places controlled by white people. If the negro could only be convinced that he must establish places of his own and support them, *THE BEE* believes that

he would make of himself a good citizen. He is endeavoring to get away from himself daily. He is "Jim Crowing" himself at every opportunity. Those who want to be white find no consolation in associating with the blacks. The white people make fun of the negro's folly. They become disgusted with the so-called white negro because this negro is making every effort to get away from his people. Social functions given by the negro are tainted with color prejudice. Just who told the negro that he is able to organize a separate society *THE BEE* is unable to state. If his character and reputation are correct his pocket is empty. If his pockets are well filled his head is empty. There is not enough of the high-class social negroes to enable them to organize what you may call a select society. In the first place, the white man owns the offices; the Government; the machinery, and everything the earth affords. What then can the negro expect? He owns nothing; he produces nothing and from nothing nothing comes. He must be a producer to make him an independent consumer. There is a great deal of uneasiness in the country as to what the South will do with President Roosevelt. The skeptical negro is of the opinion, if President Roosevelt is captured by the South, the negro will be oppressed. If the South captures the President and the negro is oppressed thereby, *THE BEE* believes that it would be a blessing in disguise.

NEGRO PULPIT.

This city contains more colored churches, perhaps, than any other city in the United States. There are some of the most scholarly ministers connected with these churches and could, no doubt, be of great service to the people if they would. Now, what has the negro pulpit done to reform the morals of this city? If the colored ministers would work as hard to improve the moral condition of the people with whom they are identified as they do to build large churches and increase their salaries, what would the condition of their people be? The colored pulpit, with but a very few exceptions, seem to disregard the morals of the people and seek to grasp for money only. There are not now over five or six colored churches in this city out of debt, and before one debt is liquidated another is created. The people are kept at the "grinding stone" from year to year, while pastors are either speculating or off on a frolic, if they contract a debt on their church, they very often ignore the trustees, who are supposed to have charge of the church property and before the debt is paid the pastor receives a "rake off." The trustees of many churches seem to disregard the congregation's interests. *THE BEE* knows of several ministers who have received a "rake off" unbeknown to their congregations. Is this right? Can the people place any confidence in their supposed Christian pulpit? Congregations allow their pastors too much power or power that they take without the authority of the church. The negro pulpit is in need of reformation.

Trustees of churches should be men of the highest integrity. In many instances where the trustees don't please the pastor he seeks to remove them. This is where congregations make the gravest mistake. The pastor then introduces politics in his church and resorts to some of the meanest tricks that would make a "Bowery" politician blush. Reform the negro pulpit.

THE SOUTH.

The South has realized that she has been defeated. That the issue she raised concerning the negro was rebuked by the people in this country. That she has bad men as well as good men. The bad men in the South are in the majority, and seem to hold all of the responsible positions. The colored man South must be able to carve out his own fortune against opposition and prejudice. It is true that the colored people are suspicious of the South and the visit that the President anticipates in making in that section. It is useless for

the colored people to be ashamed. The President is fully able to take care of himself and the destiny of this country. Suppose the President extends the olive branch of peace to the South? Is that a presumption that he intends to surrender the rights and liberties of the negro to his former masters? If the colored man would forget, if he could, the brutalities of the past and endeavor to build himself up on economic basis, his citizenship would not be a question of conjecture, but fact. President Roosevelt is a man of destiny. God rules and reigns supreme. Men may appoint, but God may disappoint. There are some who don't believe in the existence of a God. There are some who believe that the world is controlled by the God of Nature. The time will come, if it is not already here, when a majority of the civilized world will believe in the existence of a God. The South must be brought out of her uncivilized state. The South must be taught that all men were created free and equal. The black man South must be recognized for his ability. He must be treated as a man and a brother. The South had better come to it before it is too late. The black man has been faithful, what more is expected of him? He will some day rise above his present condition, then the white South will see her folly.

OFFICE SEEKERS.

Chairman Cortelyou has stated that those who took part in the recent campaign, or those who have been paid, would receive no endorsement from him for a position. Mr. Cortelyou is right. Because those who were paid for services rendered cannot expect to be paid twice. *THE BEE* is acquainted with several distinguished colored orators who received their pay in full and the committee is in possession of their receipts. Now if these distinguished campaign orators who rendered such valuable services to the committee will withdraw their applications it would be a relief to the committee, because "there is nothing doing." *THE BEE* supported the ticket without reward or hope of reward, but from principle. If you received nothing, your conscience is at ease and your heart will not palpitate. The most amusing incidents in the recent campaign were the numerous campaign books published by amateur compilers who actually presumed that the success of the Republican party depended on the circulation of their books. There was nothing for the Republican voters to do but to vote the Republican ticket. A local politician who left this city and went to New York, and after the election had the nerve to assert that had it not been for him the State would have gone Democratic. This son of Ham could never obtain an audience with Chairman Cortelyou. Our astute chairman was never in business, but not too new to be "bled." He understood a thing or two. The officeholder will have a hard road to travel. Those who have been paid are either candidates for Recorder of Deeds or Register of the Treasury.

GET TOGETHER.

A correspondent writes to *THE BEE* this week advising the Citizens Committee and the Native Washingtonians to get together. The suggestion is timely, and *THE BEE* would suggest a combination of the two committees.

There is no reason for a division anywhere. There *THE BEE* does not believe that the Monacan Club and for what reason *THE BEE* is at a loss to know. *THE BEE* does not believe that the Monacan Club intends to discriminate against anyone. The Monacan Club is composed of some of the best young men in this city, whose reputations are above suspicion, and who will be fair in their treatment of the people. *THE BEE* has nothing to say against any of the committees that will make arrangements for the entertainment of the people. There are good men in all of them. Dr. John R. Francis is a native Washingtonian, but an honorary

member of the Monacan Club. Mr. Robert T. Douglass stands high in the community, Dr. A. M. Curtis, Mr. R. V. Clark, Mr. Robert H. Terrell and a few others of the Monacan Club were the first to call the people together. It is claimed that these gentlemen were rather selfish and limited with their invitations. The Citizens Committee were more generous, it is claimed, and rather cosmopolitan. The Native Washingtonians were more general with their invitations, and they claim to represent the people. The Monacan Club claims to have more money than the other two committees and are able to give a ball without outside subscribers. The columns of *THE BEE* are opened to everybody for an expression of opinion, provided such expressions are fair and respectable.

A JUVENILE COURT.

It is hoped that Congress will pass the bill establishing a Juvenile Court in the District of Columbia, because we are very much in need of such a court.

With Prof. Washington and Mr. Emmett Scott in New York City, who runs Tuskegee?

Major Sylvester has adopted a proper precaution to preserve order on Christmas Eve.

THE BEE for 1905 will be the greatest organ published in the interest of the negro in this country.

Commissioner West has demonstrated his friendship for the negro. He is a second John W. Ross.

The New York negro Republican politicians are coqueting with Mr. Emmett Scott.

Editor T. Thomas Fortune is in doubt. He is nervous over the President's Southern trip.

The world will move on just the same, notwithstanding the President's Southern trip.

It is ancient barbarism, says the *Star*, to establish the whipping post in this city. The whipping post is less dangerous than lynching.

President Roosevelt has made a good start by showing that he is the President of the entire people. Judge Shepard has been named as Chief Justice of the Court of Appeals. Reforms begin at home. See?

Editor BEE:

In your last week's issue of your valuable paper I read with surprise an article headed "Three Inaugural Balls Among the Colored People." Is it possible that the colored society of this city cannot unite socially? Why should there be three inaugural balls? I wish to make this suggestion; whether it will do any good I don't know, but I am of the opinion that no one will be harmed.

Let the Citizens Committee, of which Hon. John P. Green is chairman, and the Native Washingtonians, of which Dr. Walker is president, get together. Let these two organizations unite and give one large ball. Then if the Monacan Club desires to join it, let it do so.

I am confident that Mr. Green is a big-hearted man and not too proud to

be a stewardess board, and

Mr. J. F. N. Wilkinson, Sr., brought greetings from the trustees. The following ministers were present and made brief addresses: Rev. F. P. Lewis, B. D., pastor of St. Paul's A. M. E. Church; Rev. W. T. Harris, pastor of Ebenezer M. E. Church; Rev. Dr. S. L. Corrothers, pastor of Galbraith A. M. E. Zion Church; Rev. Dr. P. A. Wallace, pastor of Wesley Metropolitan A. M. E. Zion Church, and Rev. G. T. Long, pastor of Lane Chapel A. M. E. Church.

Rev. W. A. Lindsey, Ph. D., pastor of Miles Memorial Church, read an original poem dedicated to the pastor and congregation, which was very pleasantly received by the audience.

Rev. N. C. Cleaves made a short speech in response to what had been said by other speakers.

Refreshments were served by the ladies of the stewardess board, assisted by the stewardesses of Wesley

Metropolitan A. M. E. Church. The

hour following the supper was spent in exchanging felicitations with the pastor and friends of the church.

Depends on Point of View.

An English officer recently described his visit to a Tibetan temple and the diabolical rites of the monks.

Now, remarks the Chicago Chronicle, it is

for the Chinese to say what they think of the diabolical deeds of the English soldiers who have invaded their sacred precincts.

No Drought in Twenty-Five Years.

Out in Oregon an unhappy woman is asking for a divorce because her husband has been under the influence of liquor for 25 years. The Cleveland Plain Dealer remarks that she seems to

have grown tired waiting for a dry spell.

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CURBSTONE CHIT AND CHAT.

The News of the City Dished Up for The Bee Readers.

PERSONAL POINTS POINTEDLY PUT.

Home News and Events Transcribed Since our Last Issue—Other Matters Worthy of Careful Consideration.

The American people will never accept the dictum that a negro scholar is the inferior of a white ignoramus, that a negro gentleman is the inferior of a white blackguard, that a man's title to consideration rests on the color of his skin and not on his character and his achievements. The *World* hopes that this little lesson has finally been thoroughly learned—*The New York World*.

A SNOWBALL A YEAR.

One of the queer rents paid to the English crown is by the well-known Foulis family. This family holds a forest, and the rental of the forest is the delivery of a snowball any day it is asked for. Always the Foulis family must have a snowball ready. It is no trouble to them, either, for Ben Wyvis, a mountain of great height, is in the forest, and the top is always covered with snow.

The Grand Duke Constantine is one of Russia's favorite poets. He won a record as a fine soldier before he began to write verse.

It is not wealth nor ancestry, but honorable conduct and a noble disposition that make men great.

The 18-year-old daughter of Sir Chentung Liang Cheng, Chinese minister to the United States, is to make her social debut in Washington this winter. She will be the first high-born Chinese girl to enter American society.

Every Chinaman is supposed to possess three souls. One goes into the ground at burial, one into the "ancestral tablet," and one into the realm of spirits.

The English public executioner, as a rule, receives \$50 every time he exercises his duties, and in the case of a reprieve he is given \$25, provided that he has been retained.

The turkey, being a native of America, was not known in the Old World prior to 1766, when the Mexican species—the only domestic variety—was imported.

Once arrived in Persia, the scholars began analyzing the dialect and soon declared it to be a very good imitation of the Persian language, crude, it is true, but still Persian in character. These scholars were, even so early, in advance of Prof. Gardner, of African fame, who declared the monkey tribe to have a language of its very own. The Persians recognized a new dialect of the Persian and, without further delay, accepted the wing creatures as a branch of their family tree.—*Elizabeth Grinnell*, in *Sunset Magazine*.

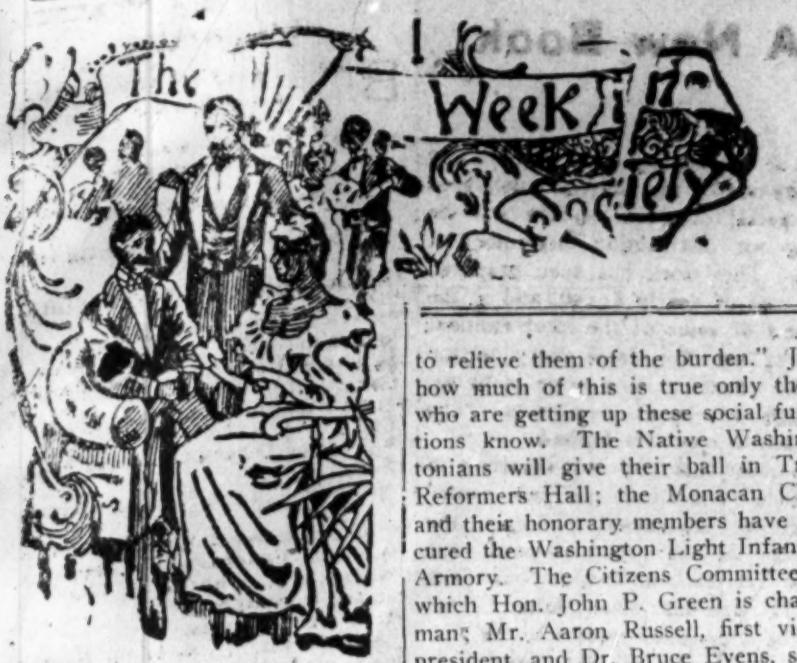
St. Petersburg.—Four hundred influential members of the Russian bar have petitioned the emperor for the establishment of a habeas corpus law and for the freedom of religious meetings, and also for the liberty of the press.

The city authorities of St. Petersburg have decided to grant \$50,000 to the defenders of Port Arthur and their families and appeal to the whole Russian Empire to raise funds for the same purpose.

General John M. Wilson, chairman of the inaugural committee, has appointed Leut. Gen. Adna Chaffee chief of staff, to be grand marshal of the inaugural parade.

The Waiters and ex-Waiters Mutual Relief Association of the District of Columbia held their meeting on the second Friday in December, 1904. Considerable business was transacted, followed by the election of officers. Our old friend, Alexander D. Watson was re-elected president and J. R. Brown, secretary. The association numbers over three hundred and is a fraternal beneficial organization.

If the white people of the South would disfranchise the ignorant whites and blacks of that section, leaving elective franchise to be exercised by the intelligent members of both the races, none but broad, capable men could be elected to office. Men like Tillman and Vardaman would never again disgrace them and their fellow countrymen. If the men of the stripe of the late Senator Wade Hampton of South Carolina, Judge Crites of Mississippi, and Governor Blanchard of Louisiana, are to exercise influence in the affairs of the South, intelligent negroes will have to be allowed to vote. The negro has no better friends than the aristocratic white people of the South, and his elimination from politics also eliminates his white friends and leaves the negro at the mercy of the ignorant poor white trash. If Southern representation is cut down, as it ought to be, the only safety for the better class of white citizens of that section



Hon. E. A. Johnson will be in the city in a few days.

Mr. Stewart M. Lewis was taken quite sick this week.

Attorney A. W. Scott will spend his Christmas in Richmond, Va.

Mr. James L. Goodall, of Philadelphia, Pa., will visit the city inauguration week.

Mr. Nathaniel Goldsberry will be in the city next week, accompanied by his brother.

Dr. Bruce Evans is continually placing his engineer graduates in prominent places.

Attorney L. M. King will go to New York tonight, and spend his Christmas there.

Mr. Douglas Witmore, of Florida, was in the city this week, and stopped at the Arlington Hotel.

Rev. W. L. Taylor, president of the Grand United Order of True Reformers, was in the city Wednesday evening.

Editor Magnus L. Robinson, of the Alexandria Leader, will leave this evening for Detroit, Mich., the guest of the Fraternity of Michigan.

Invitations are out for the marriage of Miss Lucinda Seaton Chase to Mr. Nathaniel T. Goldsberry, on Wednesday evening, December 28th.

The law department of Howard University is one of the largest law schools in the United States. Secretary Bundy has brought the law school up to a high standard.

The industrial exhibits of the sewing department of the Armstrong Manual Training School were highly entertaining last Thursday night. The Bee will give full particulars next week.

Bishop Clinton read a very interesting paper before the J. C. Price Literary Society last Monday evening before a large and intelligent audience. Monday, January 2, Mr. W. Calvin Chase will read his new paper, entitled "The Blunders of Negro Leadership."

At the meeting of the Monacan Club, on which occasion Dr. Bruce Evans was present, the report should have read that ex-Governor P. B. S. Pinchback made a motion to the effect that those who were not with the Monacan Club retire. He meant it for no insult to anyone.

The complimentary reception to Miss Mary Craig was well attended. Mrs. Minta B. Simmons received the guest in her usual graceful manner, while Miss Alice Suydam assisted. The table was beautifully decorated with cut flowers and other ornaments. Dancing and games were the principal amusements during the evening.

Mr. J. A. Lankford, whose advertisement appears in THE BEE, has by industry and perseverance made his way in this community. Mr. Lankford is an industrious man who is filling a long-felt want. Since the death of Mr. Calvin Brent it was a question as to who would fill his place. Mr. Lankford is not only an architect and builder, but a man possessing many other qualities.

Interest in social functions during inauguration week is becoming more manifest. The three inaugural committees under the auspices of three different classes of people continue their arrangements to entertain the strangers who will visit the city. A very prominent society gentleman, one of the old school, remarked a few days ago that he would have nothing to do with any of the factions. He puts it this way: "There are several society men in this city who go to Europe and other cities in the United States and enjoy the hospitalities of the people, and they know that inauguration time these people will visit the city and to relieve themselves of the expense of entertaining these people, they hurry and call themselves a committee and invite the people to join them to give social functions for which they should bear the expense. But, instead, the people are taxed

HIDDEN ISLES OF THE SEA.
Many a noble ship, richly laden with the proudest spoils of human industry and enterprise, and freighted with that which is dearer still—human life—has passed away with the morning sunlight glittering on its snowy canvas, passed away, never to arrive at its destination; passed away forever from the ken and knowledge of men as completely as if it had never been in existence.

What has become of those vanished argosies? Whither have they gone? When the seas give up their dead, and the old ocean lays her secrets, the



to relieve them of the burden." Just how much of this is true only those who are getting up these social functions know. The Native Washingtonians will give their ball in True Reformers' Hall; the Monacan Club and their honorary members have secured the Washington Light Infantry Armory. The Citizens Committee, of which Hon. John P. Green is chairman; Mr. Aaron Russell, first vice-president, and Dr. Bruce Evans, second vice-president, will undoubtedly give their ball in the same hall, but at a later date. This committee intends to have two orchestras. Special arrangements have been made to seat three hundred people at once. Extraordinary efforts will be made to make this ball the most attractive of any that will take place. Two hundred have already subscribed to the fund.

THE MONACAN CLUB.

This is a new organization in this city, which is composed of a class of prominent young men. The inaugural ball under the auspices of this club will be held in the Washington Light Infantry Armory. The report from the club is to the effect that a large number have subscribed to its inaugural ball.

THE BETHEL LITERARY.

Mr. Douglass Witmore, of Florida, addressed the Bethel Literary Society last Tuesday evening. His subject was, "Should the Negro Question Be Left to the South to Solve?" Mr. Witmore said among other things that the negro should not be left with the South to deal with. He would not be treated fairly. He complimented Prof. Booker T. Washington, and attempted to defend him on the declaration he made relative to the revised constitution, etc. He said that Mr. Washington was right. He was hissed at this statement. Mr. Witmore is a fine-looking young man and a member of the Booker Washington school of apologists. Prof. E. M. Hershaw took exceptions to his defense of Washington on the revised constitution of the South.

Justice Robert H. Terrell will address the Odd Fellows Lyceum Sunday, January 1st, at 3 P. M. Mr. Terrell's subject is: "The Negro in America from 1620 to 1904." The Amphion Glee Club will render the music.

DAVIS & BRO.

Messrs. William H. Davis & Bro., pharmacists, at the corner of 11th and U streets northwest, are two of the best-known young men in this city in the drug business. Their drug store is equal to any, and their prompt manner in compounding prescriptions commends them to the people in this city. All drugs are fresh.

JOHNSTON'S.

If you want Christmas goods such as candies, figs, grapes, citron and layer raisins, go to Johnston's 731 Seventh street northwest.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

All social clubs in the city, beneficial organizations and societies of every description are requested to send in their local and all other news matter by Wednesday of each week. All society matter, personals, etc., must be sent to the society editor of THE BEE.

Le Droit Park Market

4th and Elm—1705 6th St. and R. I. Avenue, N. W.

Fancy Groceries,

Wholesale and Retail.

M. MAZO, Proprietor.

NEW YORK CLIPPER

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IN THE WORLD.

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ISSUED WEEKLY.

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FRANK QUEEN PUB. CO. (LIM.),
ALBERT J. BORIE, PUBLISHER,
MANAGER, 41 W. 20TH ST., NEW YORK.

human skeletons, the virgin gold, the priceless gems, the costly jewels, and the wrecks of those vanished ships will be found strewn amid the tremendous passes and deep defiles of those submerged mountain ranges which are the backbones of lost continents, upon those topmost peaks, projecting near the surface of the seas, these lost convoys have been dashed to destruction! The mariner's compass and the navigator's chart have not been able to protect commerce from the wreck and ruin of these submerged ridges, but the good



ship "Columbia," richly laden with its precious cargo of "Columbia Club," the purest and best whiskey in the world, launched and navigated by William J. Donovan from the famous Baseball House, located at 1528 Seventh street, N. W., with the Stars and Stripes glittering from its gaff and defiance to all competitors thundering from its steel-clad turrets, has weathered every gale and returned safely from every voyage, because Mr. Donovan knows the highways of successful business enterprise are strewn with the derelicts of pretension and misrepresentation, and that quality alone, and quality strictly and strenuously adhered to, is the only chart and surest recommendation of those who wish to indulge in the delicious, stimulating, health-giving virtue of a truly honest American whiskey—the "Columbia Club."

THE CO-OPERATIVE HELP DEPARTMENT

Is headquarters for all kinds of help of any capacity in and out of the city,—chambermaids, laundresses, cooks, headwaiters, bellmen, hallmen, coachmen, and work by the day or hour, also janitors.

Under management of the Dressmakers' Training School. The object of this school is to train young women to be self supporting and independent by teaching them dressmaking, millinery, embroidery, corset-making.

We will teach, free of charge, plain sewing—

instructions will be given to encourage young women to seek the more technical points in sewing. Lessons day and evening. For further particulars call and see the principal, Mrs. L. R. Clark, 1200 U street, N. W., phone North 1258 F. Dressmaking parlor, 1930 14th street, N. W. All kinds of mending.

Johnston's

CHRISTMAS GOODS, CANDIES,
FIGS, GRAPES, CITRON AND
LAYER RAISINS AT
731 7th St. N. W.

HOUSE & HERRMAN, THE LARGEST INSTALLMENT HOUSE IN THE CITY

Now is the time to FURNISH YOUR HOUSE
Carpets Your Floors and LIVE Comfortably.

Only First-Class stores keep first class goods and sold by first class clerks in how large your Purchases are immediate delivery is made to any part of the city.

Call at once.

Northeast Corner 7th and "I"

Name THE BEE when you call.

AT Duffy's Place You Can Buy All Leading Brands Of Whiskies, Gins, Rums, &c.

DOMESTIC AND IMPORTED

California & Imported Wines

AT WHOLESALE PRICES.

1252 H St. N.E. Cor. 13th.

FOSTER, CATERER

BANQUETS,

FAMILIES SERVED,

WEDDINGS,

DINNER PARTIES.

TELEPHONE CONNECTIONS.

1120 20th Street n. w.

Christian Xander's Stock Of 307 Select Beverages

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS AND SELECT DOMESTICS.

Red Wines, 35 France, 7 Italy, 8 Cal., 4 Virginia.
White Wines, 40 Germany, 12 France, 13 Cal.
Champagnes, all good brands.
Port Wines, 5 Portugal, 1 Spain.
Sherries, 19 Spain, 2 Cal.
Madeiras, 5 Portugal, 1 Cal.
Whiskies, 7 Scotland, 19 select and pure.
Rums, 4 West Indies, 3 select and pure.
Arrak, 1 Batavia.
Gin, 4 Holland, 2 select and pure.
Brandy, 4 England, 10 Cal.
Liqueurs, 23 France.
Cordials, miscellaneous, 18 Europe, 16 Domestic.
Muscatel, 1 from California.
Angelica, 1 from California.
Tokay, 2 from California.
Bitters, 4 (3 my own).
Punches, 3 (1 my own).
Cocktails, 8 (2 my own).
Cordials, 4 (my own).

Regularity in deliveries is facilitated by sending in city Xmas orders before the 22d and out-of-town express orders before the 18th of Dec.

Phone, Main 274.

M. FISHMAN,

FIRST CLASS TAILORING.

Cleaning, Dyeing and Repairing neatly done.

All work guaranteed. Reasonable prices. Velvet collars on overcoats, 75c and up. Pants pressed 15c. Ladies' skirts braided around bottom. Work called for and delivered.

824 12th Street N. W.

Fine Candies Wedding Cakes

A. C. JOY,

CONFECTIONERY

714 Seventh St., N. W.

311 Seventh St., S. W.

Ice Cream Fancy Cakes

Xmas-Git SLIPPERS.

A pair of Slippers is a gift that never goes amiss. Give Slipper sand you will earn the gratitude and appreciation of the recipients. We have Xmas-Git Slippers for men and women, in endless variety.

CROCKERS, 939 Pa. Ave.

F. G. Swaine and Son,

WHOLESALE

GROCERS

Agents for Paragon Process and Victor XXXX Family Flour.

Telephone, 1699 Main;

932 Louisiana Avenue Northwest.

Notice

We beg to call the attention of the public to the fact that we have opened a first-class Drug Store at the Cor. of First and F Sts., S. W., where always is found a complete stock of Drugs, Chemicals, Toilet and Fancy Articles, Candies, Cigars, Tobacco, &c., at the lowest prices.

Prescriptions carefully compounded by Reg. state pharmacists.

Free drugs and fresh supplies is our motto. We keep on hand a little of everything Postage stamps, all you desire.

LIBERTY PHARMACY.

1st and F Sts., S. W.

JAMES C. JONES.

Karl Xander, IMPORTER, Rectifier and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

FINE ▶ WINES ▶

AND

Liquors

1530-32 Seventh St. N.W.

Agent for Southern Bouquet
Whiskey

James F. Oyster

BUTTER, CHEESE & EGGS.

Square Stands: Center Market, 5th & K St. Market, Riggs Market.

Office, Wholesale Depot & Salesrooms: 900 and 902 Pennsylvania Avenue.

sole Agent for the Celebrated Cow Brand Butter recognized without an equal.

MONEY

For everybody at rates lower than the lowest. Don't be deceived: come to us and investigate. Business strictly confidential. No one knows of your transaction. We use the best furniture, pianos, or salary. If you have a loss, now anywhere and need more money, come to us. Nothing deducted from loss. You get full amount. Extension in case of sickness without extra charge.

METROPOLITAN LOAN AND

TRUST CO.

505 E St. N. W.

Borrow Money

YES
We will lend you from \$10.00 to \$300.00 on your furniture, piano, &c., and arrange the loan in as easy monthly payments as you desire. Come to us for we deduct nothing and charge the least. If you have a loan elsewhere we will pay it off and advance you more money. Strictly confidential private offices.

SURETY LOAN COMPANY,

Room 1, Warder Building, 2nd Floor,
9th and F Sts., N. W.

Established 1866

BURNSTINE LOAN OFFICE,

Gold and silver watches, diamonds, jewelry, guns, mechanical tools, ladies and gentlemen's wearing apparel.

Old gold and silver bought.

Unredeemed pledges for sale
321 Pennsylvania Ave., N. W.

MANDAMUS CLARK,</p

UNIQUE IRRIGATION PLAN.

South Dakota Man's Scheme Is to Keep Moisture in the Soil by Using Sand.

Sioux Falls, S. D.—J. M. Greene, one of the pioneer advocates of irrigation in the central and western parts of the state, is the originator of an idea which will, it is believed, result in good crops in central and western South Dakota during even the driest years.

His idea is to construct ditches about two feet apart, similar to listed ditches, but deep enough so that a vein of sand, three or four inches in depth, can be placed at the bottom of the ditches, which can then be filled in, leaving the sand so deep that in plowing it would not be disturbed.

He states that the moisture will go down to the sand and form a reservoir which would be drawn upon by the plant as needed. In his opinion, ditches two feet apart would be ample, and one or two wagonloads of sand to the acre would be sufficient to line the ditches.

Experienced farmers, to whom the plan has been explained, declare it is practical and worthy of adoption, and it is probable that several farmers will prepare small areas of ground in this manner next season to test the plan.

When irrigation by artesian wells was first agitated, and farmers generally were skeptical as to the practicability of this method, Mr. Greene bought a large area of land in the central part of Bruce county, upon which he constructed an extensive irrigation system. He demonstrated that his idea was correct, and for years successfully conducted his irrigated farm.

BOAT BUILT-OF NEWSPAPERS

Two Young Men Construct Vessel from 300,000 Copies of Vienna Publication in Short Time.

Vienna.—A new use has been discovered for old newspapers by a young engineer of this city noted for his eccentricity as well as his ability. Having made a wager with one of his friends that he would become the possessor of a "yacht" by a certain date, and not having the wherewithal to purchase one, he interested a naval constructor in the idea of making a boat of old papers.

With 300,000 copies of a well-known daily paper published here, the two set to work, and in a few weeks' time, through the aid of a compressing machine, had their craft afloat, the entire boat constructed of paper—masts, sails and rudder. The vessel is five yards long, and one and a half wide, and the masts, two in number, are ten feet in height.

All the other accessories are in paper or paper mache, and the craft is light and agile on the water. At the Navy club here the report is that the wager ran as high as \$9,000. The boat, after being tried several times on the water, is on exhibition at the Arts and Crafts circle.

BOY THINKS HE IS A RABBIT

Hypnotist Is Unable to Undo His Work and Flees Farmer's Vengeance.

Duluth, Minn.—William Burgson, the 11 year-old son of a farmer living near Fertile, Minn., imagines he is a rabbit and his life is despaired of. He was placed in this condition by a hypnotist, who called himself Prof. Isolde and who gave an entertainment at Fertile.

The lad went on the stage to be hypnotized. He readily succumbed to hypnotic power and while in that condition the professor told him he was a rabbit. The lad immediately became a rabbit in spirit and the "professor" was unable, after working all night to break the boy to his senses.

This was ten days ago. The "professor" left for Minneapolis, saying he would return with a nerve specialist, but nothing has since been heard of him. The father swears vengeance.

The boy is in a pitiable condition. He makes no sound except to squeak like a rabbit, and is afraid of dogs. Adolph Burgson, the father, has trouble to get the boy into the house or to keep clothing on him.

LOSES SPEECH BY A FALL.

Street Car Accident to a Prominent California Doctor Renders the Victim Dumb.

San Bernardino, Cal.—Dr. John Collier, of Los Angeles, is at the home of his father here, unable to articulate, having completely lost his power of speech by a fall from a street car. He was alighting from a street car with an armful of books, when he slipped, sustaining painful bruises. He walked a few steps, when some one questioned him as to his injuries, and when he tried to respond no audible sound escaped his lips. Speechless, he hurried to his father's home, where an examination disclosed that his vocal cords were inflamed and swollen.

This result is a mystery to him, as his head did not come in contact with anything when he fell. Such cases are very rare. The attending surgeons are mystified and have ordered a complete rest. The only way Dr. Collier can communicate with those about him is by writing. He is a member of the College of Medicine at Los Angeles, being prominent in that city.

May Have Been Braced.
Contrary to general expectations, the backbone of the isthmus has not even bent since Secretary Taft reached Panama.

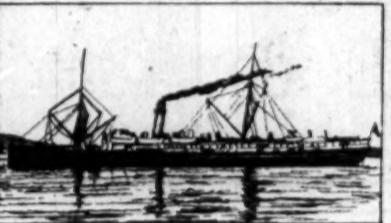
BIG FLOATING FAIR.

WESTERN TOWN IS GOING AFTER THE ORIENTAL TRADE.

Seattle, Wash.—Proposed to Show the Asiatics What We Have to Sell
—The Fair to Sail
Next Year.

Seattle, Wash.—This place comes to the front with a twentieth century development of the exposition idea that promises to have an important bearing on the oriental trade that everyone has heard so much about in the last few years. Instead of waiting for people to come to a fair the Seattle people, or, rather the Northwestern Commercial company of Seattle, proposes to send the fair to the people—exclusively to people who have money to buy goods. The exposition was to have been started out this month, installed on the steamship Victoria, but the Russo-Japanese war upset the scheme and the sailing date of the floating fair as been postponed to November 15, 1905.

The idea is to offer American commercial houses an opportunity to send representatives to establish permanent agencies and also to make immediate sales to the countries bordering on the Pacific ocean, which contains the larger portion of the world's population, and which are in direct water communication with the United States. The floating industrial exhibition will visit the cities of Yokohama, Kobe, Nagasaki (Port Arthur and Vladivostok if war conditions permit), Shanghai, Hongkong, Manila, Singapore, Colombo, Mauritius, Delagoa Bay (or Valparaiso and Callao, South America), Cape Town, Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney and Honolulu. The steamship will remain from two to ten days in each of the places named, according to their importance, thus giving ample opportunities to all interested to visit



STEAMSHIP "VICTORIA."
(It Will Carry Seattle's Floating Fair to Asiatic Ports.)

the exhibits. The American consul at all of the cities to be visited will be informed in advance of the exhibition and its purpose and announcements will be made in the public press of the names of the firms whose representatives are on board the vessel, the line of business, etc., and the consuls will be requested to see that importing and exporting merchants in the interior and adjacent cities will be fully advised of this exhibition.

The itinerary of the vessel is arranged with a view of taking advantage of the time of year that is most seasonable, with reference to weather and climatic conditions, to afford, apart from the exhibition purpose of the tour, a health-invigorating cruise.

Exhibitors will be awarded 100 to 500 cubic feet of space and will be permitted to carry five tons of cargo if desired. The lower decks, where the exhibits are to be arranged, will be gorgeously decorated, brilliantly lighted and supplied with power. While in port the exhibition will be open from eight a. m. to eleven p. m. The crew will be at the disposal of the exhibitors in arranging and caring for the exhibits. All exhibits will be set up before leaving Seattle and will remain in place until the voyage is ended. Only the exhibitors and their exhibits will be carried. While there are accommodations for 216 first-class passengers the number will be limited to 100 actual exhibitors, but 25 of these may have the opportunity to take their wives.

ANCHORING TO ICEBERGS.

It has been found that the currents round the coast of Newfoundland make at times a wide difference in the direction of the drift of icebergs and that of the flat or pan ice which, having no great depth, is governed in its motion by the surface currents and the winds. The icebergs, the larger part of which are submerged to a great depth, follow only the movement of the ocean water as a whole and are uninfluenced by the winds. Thus a huge iceberg may often be seen majestically maintaining its slow advance in opposition to the wind and across the general motion of the fields of flat ice surrounding it. The sealers often take advantage of this fact by mooring their vessels to an iceberg to prevent their ship drifting to leeward. The movement of these great mountains of ice is practically irresistible.

DILUTION EXTRAORDINARY.

A member of the French Academy reported that 25 experiments on animals showed each time that poisoned blood is active even after dilution one trillion to one million times. The strength of the average homeopathic dose is from about the third to the sixth decimal. This demonstrates that those who say that there is no medicine in a homeopathic dose betray ignorance.

THE DOUKHOBORS IMPROVING.

A Canadian government agent who has just returned to England says the Doukhoobors in Canada are making progress. They no longer work their women instead of their cattle in the fields."

BIG INVESTMENT.

The capital invested in the mineral water industry in Great Britain is nearly \$75,000,000.

DEVICE RECORDS SOUNDS.

New Invention Receives Dictation and Reproduces It at the Sending and Receiving Ends.

A telephone that records sounds so that they can be transmitted again was shown and its wonderful mechanism explained at the Franklin Institute in Philadelphia the other day by Dr. Z. B. Babbitt, of New York, secretary and general manager of the American Telephone company. The instrument, known as the telephone, is the invention of Valdemar Poulsen, of Copenhagen.

After explaining in technical terms its construction, Babbitt said the telephone can perform five different functions.

"Briefly," he said, "the machine can do these things: First, it receives dictation; second, reproduces to one at a distant point, the machine being under control at that point; fourth, it records conversations between two persons over the commercial telephone lines without in any way interfering with the operation of those lines, and fifth, it records automatically, in the absence of the subscriber from the office, messages coming over the line in such absence, the machine being under the absolute automatic control from the ordinary performing function of the telephone line, the ringing of the bell starting the machine, the machine sending a signal over the line to the party talking, notifying him that the machine is running, the machine running a fixed length of time, sending another signal, then automatically stopping.

"It can be used by a typewriter taking dictation. This application of the telephone dispenses with the services of a stenographer, and also leaves the principal free to dictate his letters at such intervals as may be most convenient to himself. It also provides absolute privacy to him, a fact not to be ignored, for a communication may be of such a nature that the presence of another person is sufficient to divert the mind."

GIRL HOLDS CITY POSITION

Miss Lamson the Only Female Topographical Draughtsman in Brooklyn.

Brooklyn, N. Y.—Brooklyn has its first female topographical draughtsman—such a phrase to conjure with!—and this unique city position is held by a charming young woman, Miss Mary E. Lamson.

Visitors to the offices of the Brooklyn tax department may have noticed a sprucing up in the appearance of the hitherto easy-going clerks. A glance around will reveal the cause in the presence of Miss Lamson, who is a very possessing young woman, and has been duly appointed as topographical draughtsman. First of her sex in Brooklyn to hold such a job, she made her debut as a city employee a few days ago.

Miss Lamson has a charming personality, and numbers among her friends many well-known persons in the Hill section society, of which she herself is a favorite. She is the daughter of George F. Lamson, a prominent woolen merchant of Westerly, R. I., where Miss Lamson was born some 20 and odd years ago. There she attended high school and learned of the priority of Brooklyn educational institutions. So seven years ago she came to Brooklyn and continued her studies. She went to Pratt Institute, taking the architectural course, and graduated in '99 with high honors.

MISS LAMSON'S POSITION.

Eggs Preserved by Secret Process as Fresh Eight Months After the Day When Laid.

Tacoma, Wash.—A process intended to revolutionize the cold storage egg business has just been perfected by two Wilbur men, and the result of the first test has been learned with much interest by the produce trade.

While the features of the curing process are kept secret, it is claimed after eight months' treatment the eggs have been found as fresh as when they were packed away last spring.

Peter Christensen and H. M. Hansen opened the first vat of the preserved eggs at Wilbur and applied the test. They have packed away 20,000 dozen this season. The eggs will be sold when the winter market reaches a figure to suit the packers.

BEGGING A PROFESSION.

Regarded as a Regularly Constituted Avocation in India—Native Mendiants Number 2,433,115.

London.—Beggars in India are elevated to the rank of professional men, according to the latest volume of statistics issued from the Indian empire and covering the ten years from 1893 to 1903. To beg is to claim the rights and immunities of a regularly constituted avocation, which claims a membership of 2,433,115, of whom 1,572,479 are males.

In 1902 23,168 criminals were sentenced to be whipped in India. Another curious fact told by the figures is that over 24,000 persons are annually killed by snakes and wild animals. Under this head there were 23,166 deaths in 1903, the larger portion being victims of snakes.

FIT PUNISHMENT.

A London paper which is suggesting future states for various classes of persons thinks the reckless automobile ought to go to a place where it would tie him down to stakes and then run auto cars at high speed on each side of his prostrate form, just "shaving" him as they go by.

RUN BY AGED WOMAN

ALMOST FOUR SCORE YEARS OLD BUT AN EXPERT FARMER.

Spicy and Active as a Young Girl—Runs 70-Acre Farm Near Kokomo, Ind., with Signal Success.

Kokomo, Ind.—Mary Jane Ulrich, farmer, aged 76, is as spacy and active as a girl of 18. When a caller at her home asked her to pose for a picture, among her farming implements, she climbed over a big reaper to reach a corner among the collection with the ease of a schoolgirl.

The Ulrich farm, ten miles southeast of Kokomo, in the Sharpenville neighborhood, comprising over 70 acres, gives evidence of good husbandry, and the buildings are all well kept and numerous. The home is as neat as a pin.

Mrs. Ulrich's specialty is raising hogs. She has never bought but one herd in the 18 years she has pursued her occupation. She raises a drove of hogs for the market each year. She has never been troubled with cholera, and her porkers have never been sick, save one year, when she intrusted their care to a farm hand, who gave them too much salt.

As a side issue, Mrs. Ulrich has sold on an average of 900 pounds of butter a year and about 400 chickens annually.

Although never having given fruit culture especial attention, Mrs. Ulrich's land abounds in the smaller fruits, grapes, peaches, plums, and the like. Mrs. Ulrich came to Tipton county from Ripley county in December, 1854. She has been a widow 18 years. Speaking of her entrance into agricultural pursuits, she says: "My late husband and I lived on a farm. He devoted most of his time, however, to plastering and bricklaying. I often took charge of the farm work and directed the hands about the thrashing machines and clover hullers. I shucked corn, raked wheat in the fields when the old wooden rakes were in use, but with my hoe I think I was the champion. I have always been very much in love with the farm life, and delighted in watching the growth of both plant and animal life. After my husband's death I took complete charge of affairs."

Mrs. Ulrich is entitled to membership in the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, her Grandfather Brown having participated in that great conflict.

WHERE DIVORCE IS CHEAP.

Big Increase of Suits in Philadelphia Is Due to Very Lenient Law.

Philadelphia.—Suits for divorce instituted in the Philadelphia courts in the year ending November 15 were 1,259—more than 100 in excess of the number for the previous 12 months. Since 1901 divorces have increased at the rate of more than 100 a year. During the year 2,27 divorces were granted in this city.

Lawyers and moralists advance different reasons for this increase in divorcing. Theorists declare it an indication of moral degeneracy, a lessening of respect and veneration for the marriage relation, and a decline of domesticity.

Lawyers frankly say the reason for this increase is that it is easier and cheaper to obtain divorces in this city than in nearly any other place east of South Dakota.

Many persons, it is said, move to Philadelphia for the sole purpose of obtaining divorces and then leave the city.

Desertion, which is the ground upon which nearly all of the Philadelphia divorces are obtained, is not recognized in the New York courts.

As to the cost in Philadelphia, the lawyer's fee is fixed by a rule at \$35 for the wife, which the husband must pay, whether he be libellant or respondent. The master's fee is limited to \$25 for the first hearing and \$10 for each subsequent hearing, while in New York the minimum fee for the lawyer is \$100 and the master's charge is in proportion.

While the features of the curing process are kept secret, it is claimed after eight months' treatment the eggs have been found as fresh as when they were packed away last spring.

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CLAIMS SHOULD BE KING.

George M. Graham, Kansas Boxmaker, Expects to Be Declared Rightful Earl of Strathern.

"I am of royal blood, and if I had my rights I would now be on the throne of England, instead of the present king. As it is, I am confident of being declared earl of Strathern, Menthith and Airth at the next session of the house of lords."

George M. Graham, a boxmaker in Indianapolis, Ind., made the foregoing statement the other day when asked about a London cablegram which said he and Robert Burrell Allardice were claimants for the dormant earldoms of Strathern, Menthith and Airth, and that their claims would be heard by the British house of lords at its next session.

"This question of the right to a particular earldom has been much discussed in England for seven years," said Graham. "Some time ago examinations of certain records in London was made and a document connecting me with the earldom was found. I am a direct descendant of Malise Graham, the cousin of King James the first king of Scotland. In 1427 the king erected the lands of Orangs by a charter into the earldom of Menthith. This earldom was held until the death of William, eighth earl of Menthith, and second earl of Airth in 1694. I am in the direct line of succession."

Mr. Graham came to Kansas City two years ago from Toronto. He is of slight build and fair complexion.

WRONG LICENSE TO MARRY

Illinois Man Gets Hunter's Permit and Tramps 100 Miles Before He Discovers Mistake.

Provided with a hunter's license Louis Fann, 20, and Miss May Schrons 18, walked 100 miles from McLeansboro Ill., to East St. Louis the other day, to be married in the home of his sister Mrs. Louis Niciringer, and asked Justice James Beach to perform the ceremony.

Justice Beach informed them that the license they had gave them permission to hunt game in the state, but it was not a permit to be married. They said they had secured the license from City Clerk Thomas Williams in the city hall, paying one dollar for it.

Justice Beach accompanied the couple to the residence of Marriage License Clerk George S. Caughan, where a marriage license was secured. The ceremony was then performed in the home of the justice, where a number of guests had assembled to assist the justice and his wife in celebrating the thirteenth anniversary of their own wedding.

The newly married couple were in elated in the list of guests after the ceremony, and participated in the "wedding" feast the judge had provided for his celebration.

TOO MUCH WORK FOR MEN

Quartermaster General C. F. Humphrey Makes a Complaint in His Annual Report.

Gen. C. F. Humphrey, quartermaster general, in his annual report to the secretary of war, says the enormous amount of work involved in meeting the needs of the army hardly can be comprehended by anyone not in close touch with the service. Continuing, he says:

"This work, which would tax the ability and energies of a force numerically strong enough to permit giving a proper official attention at all points has been made doubly onerous because of the inadequate number of quartermasters now provided by law, and the greatly depleted civilian force in the quartermaster general's office."

The total cost of animals, wagons and harness purchases by the department during the last fiscal year is given as \$527,050.

Continuing, Gen. Humphrey says: "Another year's experience has only tended to confirm and emphasize the views expressed in my last annual report as to the utility, economy and necessity of the army transport system and the wisdom of continuing our present policy in its operation."

TREE BEARS FREAK APPLES

Skin of Fruit Grown by New York Farmer Is Yellow, But the Inside Is Red.

Everybody knows there are red apples. That is to say, the outside of the apples are red. It would not be safe to bet, however, that there are no apples the fruit of which is red to the core, for George Stevens, of Lee Valley, N. Y., has a tree in his orchard that bears apples that are red on the inside. The tree is self-planted and is about eighteen years old. When it came up it was regarded as a sort of scrub, and the owner was inclined to cut it down. But when it commenced to bear and produced fruit that was red on the inside it was considered a freak and allowed to grow.

The tree hangs full of apples every year. The skin of the fruit is light yellow, like a pippin, and the flesh runs from a bright red to a salmon color. The apples are not large, but are good eating, being, as the Irishman said, "nayther swete nor sour, but swart." These apples are a curiosity to all who see them. It seems to be a case where the red coloring matter has gone into the fruit instead of the skin, as it usually does.

Mark Twain's Double Dead.

Judge Thomas J. Humes, formerly mayor of Seattle, Wash., who died the other day, was a double of Mark Twain in more than looks, as he was noted among his friends as a humorist.

PERFECT RED ROSE, BAD TEETH, BAD SOLDIERS

MAGNIFICENT CREATION OF AN INDIANA MAN.

British Recruits Must Hereafter Deposit at Least \$15 for Dental Work.

Etna, the Result of 25 Years of Labor, a Rich Crimson in Color—Wins Prize at the St. Louis Exposition.

The crowning feature of the national flower show in the horticultural palace at the world's fair came in the display of a magnificent new red rose.

This rose was created by J. D. Hill, of Richmond, Ind., one of the best-known rose growers in America and Europe, and was shown for the first time in class 643; cut flowers, seedling roses, best rose not in commerce, 20 blooms.

The new red rose, which the originator has designated the Etna until it enters the commercial field, is the most perfect in form, color, foliage and habit of any red rose ever produced.

It was the center of an admiring group of professional and amateur flower lovers all day, and its originator was busy receiving congratulations and offers from friends and would-be purchasers. He refused \$5,000 for 60 plants. Mr. Hill possesses the entire stock—5,600 plants—of the new rose.

Roses are the most difficult plants to create, and especially red roses. Mr. Hill has spent the last 25 years working and trying to create a perfect red rose. He has produced 10,000 seedlings from which he has grown six good varieties.

The Etna production is the result of much cross-fertilizing. The mother plant is the Lady Battersea, a magnificent tea rose, and through its veins flows the blood of General Jacqueminot, a hardy hybrid perpetual rose. In color it is a rich crimson, tined with a warm scarlet.

In all the names designating the various shades of red there is none that exactly describes the rich color of the Etna, for which a new name must be created descriptive of the new red shade.

The bud of the Etna is long and gracefully curved, and when first opening is of the brightest crimson scarlet. The flower retains this perfect coloring until its petals shed. It does not turn purple, as most red roses do, after the flower is in bloom. The bud soon opens and the flowers last longer than any other rose and it is an excellent keeper as a cut flower.

It is a perpetual and prolific bloomer with the habits of the tea rose, which is an unusual quality in a red rose. The stems are free from thorns, making it desirable as a cut rose. The habit of growth is remarkably good, making strong, shapely plants that may be depended upon for large flower shoots.

It is of the branched habit of the Jacqueminot. The foliage is abundant and perfect in form and color. Its fragrance is that of the rich Damask rose. The same odor is slightly noticeable in the Jacqueminot. It is perfectly hardy in this climate.

Perhaps the next best new rose is the Rosalind, or English, which is also one of Mr. Hill's creations. This rose is a rich cerise pink. It is a rose of good habits, a profuse bloomer, large, deep flowers, long stems, good foliage and was greatly admired by the feminine visitors as a flower for decorative purposes on account of its brilliant color and exquisitely formed flowers. It gives promise of being second in popularity to the Etna of all the new roses. It is a seedling and bears strong markings of the Mme. Chatnay, a hybrid tea, a rose carnation—shaded salmon and Papa Gontier, an excellent crimson tea.

A DOUBLE TOBACCO CROP.

Arkansas Grower Finds Plant Yields Good Second Cutting from Same Soil in One Year.

Two crops of tobacco from the same ground the same season is a new possibility in agriculture in Arkansas discovered by a planter near Rison this season.

The second crop is just out of the field, the cutting having begun the last days in October. The quality of the first crop is said to be as fine as the first grade in the tobacco belt of Kentucky, and the second crop, which has never been a success in the Blue Grass state, is only one grade below the first produced at Rison.

M. W. Cravens, a Kentucky tobacco raiser, who began his experiments near Rison two years ago, found that the plant would ripen in from 70 to 85 days, which is a much shorter time than is required in Kentucky. It occurred to him that he could produce a second crop, as frost did not come until late in November. The experiment proved more of a success than was at first anticipated.

Rison is a small town on the Cotton Belt railroad just below Pine Bluff. The soil is a yellow clay, and until recent years was not suspected of being productive. This is considered one of the most important of the many surprising discoveries of the unusual productiveness of Arkansas soil in the last five or six years.

Railway Cars in France. The tales that are told of country railroads in America are matter of fact enough compared with a story that comes from France. The little railroads that run to obscure places in France are so poor that they have bought no cars in a quarter century. The floor fell out of a car on one of these roads recently. The car was empty at the time and standing in the station.

Real Need of the Hour. Now a Texan comes forward with an invention for turning a buggy into an automobile. What is really needed, however, says the Washington Star, is some invention that will prevent an automobile from turning into a repair shop.

The Deadly Auto. Germany is experimenting with automobiles for use in war. Why should it be necessary to have any more experiments of this kind? Surely there can be no doubt about the automobile's ability as a man-killer.

NOVEL BLOOD EXPERIMENTS

Students Are Taken to Summit of Pike's Peak and Given Exercise That Air Effect May Be Noted.

Deficient teeth are not in the future to prevent enlistment in the British army of other wise suitable recruits. Would-be-soldiers found suffering from decayed teeth must, however, be prepared to put down a sum not to exceed \$15 towards the expense of fitting them with artificial teeth.

These facts are set forth in a circular by the secretary of the army council. Similarly afflicted men who would be otherwise discharged from the army as unfit for further service, owing to the state of their teeth, are to be retained on the equivalent condition that the sum to be paid the dentist is to be taken out of their pay.

The British Medical Journal, in commenting on this order, says it is a step in the right direction. The Napoleonic dictum that an army marches on its stomach has been so long admitted as a military axiom that it seems strange that only now has effect been given to it.

It is the South African war which has largely contributed to make the reform acceptable, a glaring light having then been thrown upon the losses which the army suffered through the defective mastication of a large number of troops. These troops were kept at the base of supplies or sent home because of the bad state of their teeth, which made it impossible for them to digest the rough food necessarily served out to men at the front.

RUSH OF IRISH TO AMERICA

Consul Stephens at Plymouth, Eng., Says They Are Leaving at Rate of 2,000 a Week.

United States Consul Stephens, at Plymouth, England, says in a recent report:

"The British press has called special attention to the continued, and what they term alarming, flight of the Irish and Cornish to America. Over 22,000 have gone from Ireland alone during the present year, and the exodus, which has received an impetus from the cheap fares, goes on without interruption.

"There is, it is asserted, no greater menace to Ireland's future than this appalling drain by immigration. The flower retains this perfect coloring until its petals shed. It does not turn purple, as most red roses do, after the flower is in bloom. The bud soon opens and the flowers last longer than any other rose and it is an excellent keeper as a cut flower.

"The same conditions, though in a modified form, apply to Cornwall. The mining industry at home is dead. In the British colonies conditions are not at all favorable, hence the weekly exodus to America. Those already in the United States send home money as rapidly as possible to assist their relatives and companions in Cornwall to follow."

CHARACTER TOLD BY RAYS

Are Emitted by the Human Body and Differ According to Temperament, Says This Physician.

Experiments conducted over a term of three years form the subject matter of a communication from a physician to a well-known London medical journal to the effect that the rays emitted by the human body differ in color according to the character and temperament of the person.

The following particulars are given by the writer:

"The rays emanating from a person of a certain temperament are of a color which is to be good and do good rays off pink rays. The ambitious man emits orange rays, the deep thinker deep blue; the lover of art and refined surroundings, yellow; an anxious, depressed person, gray."

"One who leads a low, debased life throws off muddy brown rays; a devotional, good-meaning person, light blue; a progressive-minded one, light green, and a physically or mentally ill one, dark green."

The doctor admits his theory is apt to be received with incredulity and amusement, but he asserts it is strengthened by the fact that the color sense of the human race was many thousands of years in reaching its present stage of development.

Give Up Mansions for Slums.

Robert Hunter, formerly of Chicago, and his wife, the daughter of Anson Phelps Stokes, have taken up their residence in Grove street, in the heart of the lower west side of New York city. They have given up their mansion in Madison avenue and their country home in Noroton, Conn., for a two-fold object, to continue the settlement to which both husband and wife have devoted themselves, and because, as Mr. Hunter declares, a home there costs no more than an apartment in a more prosperous district.

Real Need of the Hour. Now a Texan comes forward with an invention for turning a buggy into an automobile. What is really needed, however, says the Washington Star, is some invention that will prevent an automobile from turning into a repair shop.

Once Property of King Charles I., and Sells for \$2,900—Used by Executed Monarch on the Scaffold.

London, Nov. 19.—Much interest continues to be taken in London in the personal relics of the unhappy Charles I., as was proved by the crowd the other day when two melancholy souvenirs of his death came up for public sale in the shape of a gold toothpick and case used by the monarch on the scaffold. These mementos were once the possession of that Col. Tomlinson who was the officer in charge of the king from the time of his imprisonment in the tower until the end, and were presented to him at the last scene in Whitehall by Charles I. as all he had left for his civilities. When the relic were submitted an opening bid of \$5 was made, and by slow advances \$50 was reached. At this stage no one could have anticipated the result, and at \$25 it appeared that interest had ceased. But suddenly the bidding took new life and Messrs. Renton and Partridge made a duel of it. The latter carried the contest to \$2,875 and did not challenge Mr. Renton's bid of \$2,900.

From Case to Capitol.

William M. O. Dawson, the republican governor-elect of West Virginia, is 60 years old and began life as a printer, then became an editor and is now a lawyer.

Baths in All Dwellings.

The city of Reading, England, has passed an ordinance that baths shall be placed in all dwelling houses constructed within the borough in future.

Before & After SILVER FACE BLEACH ... AND HAIR TONIC...

BOX HELD KING'S HEART.

Very Interesting Old Relic in the Cathedral Church at Rouen, France.

Paris.—In the splendid cathedral church of Rouen is a suite of three or four rooms containing what is known as the "treasure." This is a collection of very valuable and interesting relics, forming quite a little museum, to which admission may be obtained for the modest fee of 25 centimes. To an Anglo-Saxon quite the most interesting article in the collection is the plain leaden casket in which was buried the heart of the famous King Richard Coeur de Lion, who, it will be remembered, was

defeated in the battle of the crossbow of Bertrand de Gourdon at the siege of the castle of Chalus. His body was buried at the feet of his father in the abbey of Frontravault, near Tours, but his heart, incased in two leaden caskets, was placed in the Cathedral of Rouen, "the faithful city." The exact place of the burial seems to have been forgotten in the passage of centuries, but it was rediscovered in 1840, placed in a new coffin and reburied in the choir.

The students were then told to take exercise, and they spent the next hour out of doors climbing around the rocks or walking along the track. The measurements were then repeated to ascertain the difference before and after exercise and that it decreased as the time between the exercise and test was lengthened. The pulse usually is higher in high altitudes.

These experiments are being made from both a scientific and a practical standpoint. They are expected to furnish data to show the effect of altitude on the blood pressure in healthy persons.

Ultimately it is hoped that these experiments will lead to knowledge as to its effects on invalids as well, and probably show certain classes of invalids as well who can and others who cannot be benefited by high altitudes. This region is one of those best suited to such experiments, as it is one of the very few places on the globe where people can reach the top of a peak without exercise and have tests performed on them at the altitude of 14,000 feet.

CLUB IS ENEMY OF HOME.

Institutions Severely Denounced by a Writer Who Says Women Only Learn Bad Habits There.

"In these days daughters and wives should be taught the advice and supervision of those whom providence ordained to look after and protect them. They go to clubs, they mix with the loafers of their own sex, with occasional variations; they behave with the independence of wild young men about town; they deteriorate home life—in short, they support ladies' clubs."

The foregoing is the conclusion of a spirited attack on women's clubs in a recent issue of the World of Women, a London publication.

The writer—a woman evidently—believes that, unless she wants to smoke, drink, flirt, and bet, a woman has no need of a club.

But nowadays nearly every woman belongs to one, which is, the writer believes, the reason that home, as it used to be, is "dwindling into merely a place to sleep at," and the home duties and the home life no longer interest the modern women.

Ten years ago a woman's club was a rarity. To-day in the West end they are as "plentiful as betting offices" and have just about as good a moral influence on the community."

"Women in smoking-rooms, women in billiard-rooms, women hanging over the tape which rolls out the latest winner"—it is not a very enlightening picture, and the writer wonders what righteous occupation a woman can find in a club that she cannot find in her own home.

FORTUNE FOR A TOOTHPICK

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Pensioning Railway Employees.</

OFFICE OF E. VOIGT,
Manufacturing Jeweler,
725 Seventh Street, N. W., between
G and H,
Washington, D. C.

Now that we are on the threshold of another Christmas, is it not about time to make up your mind what to buy for your loved ones? Some people wait until the last minute to buy their Christmas things. A bad plan. Not but that we can satisfy you, or rather that you can satisfy yourself here at any time. But 'tis better to come before the rush. The selection is easier, and then the prices are no greater now. Jewelry of tasteful design is here in abundance.

My Christmas line this year embraces Diamond Rings, Diamond Brooches, Scarf Pins, Cuff Buttons, Ladies' Watch Chains, Necklaces, Pendants, Link Bracelets, Gold and Silver Watches, Fobs, Studs, Fountain Pens, Desk Sets, Collar Buttons, Desk Clocks, Shaving Sets, Mirrors, Military Brushes, Hair Brushes, Clothes Brushes, Hat Brushes Mirrors, Comb, Brush and Mirror Sets, Ink Bottles, Powder Puffs and Cases, Jewel Cases, etc.

CUT GLASS.

Is always appropriate at the Christmas season. There is something about its glitter and beauty and brightness which makes it appeal to those of refined tastes. There is a vast difference in Cut Glass qualities and patterns. I am showing only the kind you will be wise in buying. The right value is in each piece for the money you pay for it.



CATHOLIC GOODS.

The largest assortment in the city of High Grade Rosaries in Solid Gold, Solid Silver, Pearl, Amethyst, Crystal, Garnet, Emerald, Jade, Opal, Sapphire, Turquoise, Jasper, etc.

PRAYER BOOKS.

The handsomest in the City. Religious Medals in Gold and Silver; Immaculate Conception, St. Benedict, Infant of Prague, St. Joseph, St. Anthony, St. Aloysius, etc. Solid Gold Sacred Heart Medals in great variety.

SILVER.

Tea Sets, Coffee Sets, Water Sets, Chafing Dishes, Pudding Dishes, Soup Tureens, Butter Dishes, Tea Spoons, Table Spoons, Sugar Shells, Fish Sets, Carving Sets, Oyster Forks, Orange Spoons, Sardine Forks, Tomato Servers, Berry Sets, Gray Ladles, Souvenir Spoons, Chocolate Spoons, Cut Bowls, etc., etc.

"DEN" DECORATIONS.

Imported Metlach and Munich Steins, Brownies, Clocks, etc.

Novelties in Umbrellas, Gold, Silver, and French Grey. Rich Designs.

CLOCKS.

Brass Clocks, Porcelain Clocks, Enameled Clocks, Gilt Clocks, Alarm Clocks. Each style will make an appropriate Christmas present.

Don't be misled by the "fake" discounts offered you by the Installation Jewelry Houses. The prices of these places are fully 50 per cent higher than the legitimate jeweler. They advertise a discount of 25 per cent and yet with the fake discount offered you their prices are 25 per cent higher than you would buy the same goods in a legitimate store. Goods laid by for the Holidays. Come now and avoid the rush.

Respectfully yours,

E. VOIGT.

LOUVRE GLOVE COMPANY.
OPEN EVENINGS.

Gloves Make The Best Gifts

NOTHING pleases the ladies as much as to receive a fine pair of Louvre gloves for Xmas. Here you select from the biggest and finest stock of gloves in the city. Every pair is fully guaranteed. Gloves and other articles neatly boxed free.

LADIES GLOVES 69c.

This is the regular \$1 value. A very dressy and smart glove—well made and fit perfectly. Just a leader with us at this price.

Ladies' and Men's Extra Fine Gloves, in all sizes and styles, including light shades for evening wear—a very stunning \$1.00 glove; our special leader \$1.50.

Ladies' Very Fine Evening and Walking Gloves, with the short and long fingers, very manly effect—the most popular \$1.50.

glove we have ever sold at \$1.50.

GIFT NECKWEAR.

Another useful gift thing. We call especial attention to our line of Ladies' Neckpieces at 25c. and 49c. All the newest effects in dainty laces and embroideries. Imported novelties from \$1 up.

HAT PINS & BELTS. Still another useful suggestion for the ladies. We've a very fine line of Hat Pins, in all the latest novelties—imported ones, the kind that are not shown elsewhere—50c. and 75c.

Ladies' Belts, in silk and leather effects—new designs, direct copies from imported ones—the very sweater thing seen hereabouts—regular \$1.00 values—our 50c.

Ladies' Very Fine Evening and Walking Gloves, with the short and long fingers, very manly effect—the most popular \$1.50.

GIFT HOSIERY.

A serviceable gift—a useful one. As a special Xmas offering we are selling our regular 75c. qualities in Ladies Black and Embroidered Effect Hose, our special leader, three pairs neatly \$1.50.

WE invite your inspection of our Ladies' Waist Department—the very newest creations—direct imported novelties. A beautiful \$5.50 waist at.....

NO CHANGE OF CARS.

1209 noon
Lv New York 1209 noon
" Philadelphia 2:14 p.m.
" Baltimore (Mt. Royal) 4:14
" Baltimore (Camden) 4:30
" Washington 5:30
Ar. Chicago (next day) 5:30

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NEW YORK & CHICAGO EXPRESS

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" Philadelphia 2:14 p.m.

" Baltimore (Mt. Royal) 4:14

" Baltimore (Camden) 4:30

" Washington 5:30

Ar. Chicago (next day) 5:30

Excellent connections with all lines for Michigan points and all evening trains leaving Chicago for the West and Northwest. Solid vestibuled trains.

NO CHANGE OF CARS.

What Pure Whiskey Is

can easily be found. Smell your drink before imbibing it. Better still smell the drained glass. The least disagreeable or foul odor betrays poison in the whiskey. Perfect distribution means the careful separation of the first and the end run from the still, the poisonous impure essential grain-oils (phlem, farts, fusels) from the middling product, good, potable spirit. Very likely the majority of cheap whiskies, either from economy or ignorance, carry a larger or smaller proportion of impurities. Such defective whiskies are never admitted into the stock, and hence cannot be obtained at the store of

Chris. Xander.

909 7th street Northwest.

WE DO BUSINESS AT ONE PRICE

Misfit Cloth-
ing Parlor,

Fine Garments (Slightly Worn) Made
by Our Leading Tailors.

JUSTH'S OLD STAND.

Established 1865. 619 D St. N. W.

Wm Moreland

(HOLTMAN'S OLD STAND)

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\$2.50 Shoes a specialty.

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SIGN OF THE BIG BOOT.

John Rudden,
Furniture,
Carpets, etc. 491

PENNSYLVANIA AVE.

Skeados & Skeados,
New York Candy Kitchen

908-7th St. N. W.

SPECIAL THIS YEAR.

8 lbs. Candy.....\$1.00.
6 lbs. Candy.....\$1.00.
5 lbs. Candy.....\$1.00.
3 lbs. Candy.....\$0.25.

The best place in the city for Christmas Candies. Candies of every description and quality.

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